

# 2019/2020 ANNUAL REPORT



#### COUNCILLORS



Cr Craig SIMKIN Shire President, Northampton Ward Post Office, Binnu 6532 Phone: (08) 99361048 Email: cr.simkin@northampton.wa.gov.au Elected 2011 Retires 2021



Cr Shane KRAKOUER Deputy President, Kalbarri Ward PO Box 486, Kalbarri 6536 Phone: (08) 99372425 Email: cr.krakouer@northampton.wa.gov.au Elected 2015 Retires 2023



Cr Sandra STOCK-STANDEN Northampton Ward PO Box 105, Northampton 6535 Phone: (08) 99341078 Email: cr.stockstanden@northampton.wa.gov.au Elected 2004 Retires 2021



Cr Elizabeth SUDLOW Northampton Ward PO Box 19, Northampton 6535 Phone: 0427362025 Email: cr.sudlow@northampton.wa.gov.au Elected 2019 Retires 2023



Cr Roslyn SUCKLING Northampton Ward PO Box 129 Northampton 6535 Phone: (08) 99341177 Email: <u>cr.suckling@northampton.wa.gov.au</u> Elected 2015 Retires 2023



Cr Tim HAY Northampton Ward PO Box 142 Northampton 6535 Phone (08) 99351052 Email: cr.hay@northampton.wa.gov.ay Elected 2017 Retires 2021



**Cr Des Pike** Kalbarri Ward PO Box 676, Kalbarri 6536 Phone: (08) 99372894 Email: cr.pike@northampton.wa.gov.au Elected: 2013 Retires: 2023



Cr Stewart Smith Kalbarri Ward PO Box 346, Kalbarri 6536 Phone: 0428816950 Email: cr.smith@northampton.wa.gov.au Elected 2017 Retires: 2021



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## **COUNCIL & COMMITTEE MEETINGS**

#### **COUNCIL MEETINGS**

Council Meetings are held on the third Friday of each month. All Council meetings are held in the Northampton Council Chambers except for the February, June and October meetings which are held in the Allen Centre, Kalbarri.

The Council and Committee meetings are open to the public and there is public question time at the beginning of both Council and Committee meetings at which time the general public may ask questions on any Local Government matter.

Meeting dates and times are subject to change and if this does occur, notice of such changes are advertised as per the requirements of the Local Government Act 1995.

#### **COMMITTEE MEETINGS**

Council has two operational standing committee, being the Audit Committee and Senior Staff Performance Review Committee. Other committees as listed below have been retained and meet on an as needs basis. The members listed are those as at 30 June 2019.

None of the following committees have delegated power which requires all committee recommendations having to be put before full Council for final determination.

Audit Committee

Cr's Simkin, Krakouer, Suckling & Smith

**Disability Services Committee** 

Cr's Stewart, Suckling and Building Surveyor/Environmental Health Officer

Staff Occupational, Health & Safety Committee

Cr's Hay & Krakouer

Senior Staff Employment Performance Review Committee

Cr's Simkin, Krakouer, Stewart, Smith & CEO

## COUNCILLOR TRAINING UNDERTAKEN

Training undertaken in 2019/20 by individual Councillors are as per the following:

	Training	Training			Essential Training	Essential Training
Councillor	Dates	Provided	Cost	Location	Requirement	Completed
Elizabeth Sudlow	29 Jan 2020 28 Jan 2020	Understanding Financial Reports & Budgets Meeting Procedures	\$475 \$475	Perth Perth	Yes Yes	
Roslyn Suckling	28 Jan 2020	Meeting Procedures	\$475	on line	Yes	
Des Pike	22 April 2020	Understanding LG	\$195	on line	Yes	
	11 May 2020 28 Jan 2020	Conflicts of Interest Meeting Procedures	\$195 \$195	on line on line	Yes Yes	
Shane Krakouer	7 May 2020	Meeting Procedures	\$450	on line	Yes	Yes
	20 June 2020 8 July 2020	Understanding LG Serving on Council	\$195 \$195	on line on line	Yes Yes	
	18 June 2020 18 May 2020	Conflicts of Interest Understanding Financial Reports & Budgets	\$195 \$475	on line on line	Yes Yes	
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Councillor Training Record - 2019-2020	





#### PRESIDENTS REPORT – CR CRAIG SIMKIN

The time has come once again to present my annual report. A year does not take long to come and go so would like to touch on a some of the highlights that happened throughout the year.

At the October 2019 local government elections, Cr Terry Carson stood down after ten years of dedicated and loyal service on Council and was duly rewarded with a function held in recognition of his service. Terry was a great advocate in ensuring our road maintenance and construction works were always progressed throughout the shire. Terry had a lot influence in the sealing of three roads, White Cliff's, Binnu West and the Horry-Harvey Roads. Terry undertook the organising of farmers for the provision of trucks and loaders that helped out the shire works staff to construct the Binnu West Road which made the road projects feasible and saved Council funds on the projects. Terry also kept a keen eye on the financial operations of the Council.

It was pleasing to have a new Councillor in Liz Sudlow. Liz is from a family who has previously been elected members and has to date been very progressive and beneficial and believe she will be a great addition to Council. We also had the return of Councillors of Krakouer, (Deputy President), Suckling and Pike, all who were elected unopposed for a four year term ending October 2023.

Throughout the year there has been a fair bit going on as usual, but we were thrown a curve ball with the COVID-19 virus. This changed how the Shire operated where we were required to freeze rates, fee and charges, close playgrounds, parks and gardens and other community facilities.

The staff had to manage the offices by a roster system with two teams where one team worked from their own residence for a week and then back to the office for a week with other team doing the opposite to the first team. Fortunately this only lasted for a two week period as was deemed unnecessary due to Western Australia coming out of COVID-19 with no recorded cases in our area. The staff are to be praised in the way that they managed the whole scenario.

Out of something bad comes something good. As the Council could not meet in person, Councillors and staff held all meetings by electronic means which were testing at times, but we managed to overcome and believe is a mechanism that we can all use in the future.

Earlier in the year a comprehensive decision was made by the Federal Court of Australia to grant a native title claim over a majority of the shire and other parts of the Midwest region. The impact for the Council was the takeover of the Lucky Bay camping area by initially the Department of Biosecurity, Conservation and Attractions and later to be operated by the Yamatji Nations Lands Corporation. The Council through government grants installed all the infrastructure at the site as well as expended its own funds on the caretaker residence and shed storage to allow for the employ of a caretaker to ensure the operations of the camping area were managed. Unfortunately with the change-over of the camping area the Council will not receive any remuneration for the costs incurred for the caretaker's residence and storage area which is disappointing.

Whilst on tourism it was pleasing to be able to attend the opening of the Kalbarri Skywalk on the June 12 and what a great spectacle for our region. The Skywalk has proven to be very popular and is attracting many visitors to not only Kalbarri but also to other areas of the Shire and is opening up the Shire to what it can offer.

A major project that the Council completed earlier in the year was the relocation of the Northampton Visitors Centre to a new facility at the Northampton RSL Hall in conjunction with the redevelopment of the hall. The relocation allows for a better location for visitors and to enhance the displays on show at that RSL hall. To achieve this development the Council raised a loan of \$500,000 in conjunction with funding from RSLWA and Northampton RSL subbranch.

It was a great honour to be able to officially open the new visitor centre and RSL refurbishment, which was very well attended by Councillors, members from Northampton, Geraldton and Perth RSLWA and residents.

Another upgrade throughout the year was to two existing basketball and netball courts at the Northampton Community Centre. These were in desperate need of repair and a new surface was laid and new court furniture installed to allow for the sports of netball, tennis, and basketball. Part of the upgrade also was the installation of new playing lights. The upgrade is welcomed by those who play these sports and is a Council commitment to keep all our infrastructure in a safe and useable way. The project was achievable with a grant of \$60,437, through the Community Sport and Recreation Facilities Fund provided by the WA Government, and contributions of \$30,000 from the Northampton Netball Club and \$15,000 from the Northampton Tennis Club. Council thanks these organisations for their contributions.

Northampton By-Pass. It is pleasing to be able to shed some light on this proposal with the State Government making the decision to move forward with a proposed 53.5 metre freight corridor from Muchea to Carnarvon which includes the bypass around Northampton. All stakeholders in this plan have stated that the bypass will be a priority "A" in this build when it does happen. I encourage everyone to embrace the by-pass as there is a sand mine opening up on Coburn Station north of the Billabong Roadhouse which envisages 20 extra truck movements per day and who knows this could also increase .This mine has a projected life span of 22 years with possible extension and with already increasing traffic through the centre of the Northampton townsite a by-pass is critical to have all heavy haulage out of the townsite.

Earlier in the year the State in its wisdom chose to change the electoral boundaries which resulted in Kalbarri and to the northern Shire boundary being relocated to now be within the North West Central Mining and Pastoral District and the rest remains in the District of Moore in the agricultural region. Council objected to this proposal as saw no benefit in Kalbarri being transferred to the Central Mining and Pastoral District.

Finally I would like to take this opportunity to say thanks to all Councillors for your decision making throughout the year, at times difficult. Also thanks to senior management, office staff, and works staff for your commitment over the year.



#### **CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICERS REPORT**

It is with pleasure to present my annual report on the 2019/2020 year of operations of the Shire of Northampton.

#### MANAGEMENT STAFF

The Chief Executive Officer is responsible for the overall management of the Shire and I am pleased to report that the following Management Staff are a blend of dedicated and professional staff which has resulted in benefits for the Shire.

Chief Executive Officer	Garry Keeffe
Deputy Chief Executive Officer	Grant Middleton
Environmental Health Officer	
& Building Surveyor	Glenn Bangay
Manager of Works and Technical Services	Neil Broadhurst

All staff members are there to serve you and should you have a query on any issue please do not hesitate to contact them or myself.

In accordance with provisions of Regulation 19B of the Local Government (Administration Regulations) Act 1995, it is reported that the one staff members annual salary is within the band \$150,000 to \$180,000 and two staff members annual salaries are within the band \$100,000 to \$130,000.

#### BUDGETING

The Shires budgeting process commences in February/March of each year with the preparation of a draft budget based on previously adopted works and capital expenditure programs and issues identified to elected members and staff by residents of the Shire.

Residents are encouraged to provide budgetary requests either to their elected members or to the management staff. The draft budget is presented at a special meeting of Council, normally held within the last two weeks of July of each year, where it is refined until a suitable balance between required works and an acceptable rate level is achieved.

#### Finance

The Shire had a surplus cash position at 30 June 2020 of \$1,815,811. This surplus cash position includes restricted cash of \$993,737 associated with the following:

Prepaid Financial Assistance Grant	\$900,389
ESL for BFS & SES received in advance	\$ 19,799
NCCA Operating Grant	\$ 88,223
Unexpended Roads to Recovery Grant	\$ 15,326

#### **General Purpose Grant**

Whilst the demand for works and services throughout the Shire is increasing the levels of Government funding, particularly the General Purpose Grant and Roadworks funds has been static in recent years which places extra pressure on Council with costs increasing.

2016/2017	\$1,485,000	2017/2018	\$1,499,146
2018/2019	\$1,570,123	2019/2020	\$1,637,628

The indicative grant for 2020/21 is \$1,687,290.

#### **Major Sources of Income**

Apart from the General Purpose Grant the other major sources of income required to match the expenditure of Council are:

Rates	\$4,668,300
Road Grants	\$1,519,003
Refuse Charges	\$ 783,203
Other Government Grants	\$ 487,682
Fees/Charges, reimbursements	\$ 822,781
Interest on Investments	\$ 36,087
Asset Sales	\$ 68,719
Rebates & Commissions	\$ 96,364
Reserve Funds Utilised	\$ 58,694
Loan Funds Uitilised	\$ 340,000
Self Supporting Loan Payments	\$ 76,727



Northampton Playing Courts Redeveloped

#### Strategic Community Plan

Council undertook a comprehensive review of the strategic plan within 2019/20. Community input occurred through letter drop, series of public meetings and individual meetings with various organisations. The plan is for a ten year period and is to be reviewed strategically every two years with a full community consultation review every four years.

The reviewed 2020-2030 Strategic Community Plan will be formally adopted at the August 2020 meeting of Council.

#### **Corporate Business Plan**

The Corporate Business Plan is made up of a number of informing strategies for a four year period with Asset Management Plans for a period of ten years and is the basis of formulating future budgets.

- The plan identifies and prioritises the principal strategies and activities Council will undertake in response to the aspirations and objectives stated in the Strategic Community Plan.
- The plan states the services, operations and projects that Council will endeavour to deliver over the period of the plan, method for delivering these and the associated cost.
- The plan references resourcing considerations such as asset management plans, finances and workforce plans.
- The plan is reviewed annually.

The Corporate Business Plan also has the following supporting documents:

Long Term Financial Plan (LTFP) – This plan is made up of a written section and supporting documents outlining the long term direction of the Council.

Asset Management Plans (AMP) – AMP's have been developed for buildings, recreation infrastructure, transportation infrastructure and plant /equipment, footpaths and other community amenities.

Workforce Plan (WFP) – This plan has been developed and there are no foreseeable major changes to staffing levels.

The Corporate Business Plan will link all of the informing strategies relating to the next 4 years and provide detail on how Council will deliver and resource the projects set out.

#### **Reporting Requirements**

The operations of the Strategic Community Plan and Corporate Business Plan are to be reported on. Reporting required is to include an overview, what major initiatives are to continue into the next financial year, any modifications made to the Strategic Community Plan and any significant modifications made to the Corporate Business Plan.

The following changes were made to the respective asset management plans:

• To assist with the construction of the Jakes Point ablutions, Council approved the use of the Tourism Development Reserve Fund of \$100,000 and this change of reserve fund purpose be included within the 2020/21 Budget.

- A provision of \$20,000 be listed in the Corporate Business Plan for 2021/22 for the construction of a shelter at the memorial tree site at the Northampton Cemetery.
- Council deferred all project provisions within Capital Upgrade Building Renewal Program for twelve months to 2021/22 and beyond within the Corporate Business Plan and deleted the provision for proposed works to the Fitzgerald Street Northampton residence as not required.
- Council supports the proposal of the Northampton Bowling Club to install a synthetic green at their club in 2020/21 and Council to contribute \$119,000 towards the project, subject to receipt of a Community Sport and Recreation Facilities Fund (CSRFF) grant by the Bowling Club.
- Council deferred the provision of \$100,000 for replacement of playground equipment at the Marina Park and the provision of \$42,000 for bin surrounds to 2021/22 as proposed within the Kalbarri Foreshore Parkland Upgrade Plan.
- Council reduced the provision of beach shelters to four (4) for the Port Gregory foreshore and these works to occur in 2020/21.
- A provision of \$840,000 be listed for the construction and bitumen sealing of the balance of the section Ogilvie East Road currently unsealed to commence in 2024/25 and a further \$1.06 million for stage 2 of works in 2025/26
- A provision of \$360,000 listed for the construction of the balance of the unmade portion of Nanda Drive to commence in 2026/27.
- A provision of \$62,000 listed for 2020/21 for the construction of a new carpark at the soon to be constructed Jakes Point ablutions and that all other proposed car park development works be deferred for twelve months to 2021/22 and beyond.
- A provision of \$83,000 for 2023/24 for the construction of additional car parking on the north side of Hampton Gardens.
- Defer all major plant replacement proposals for a twelve month period throughout the plan with the exception of administration vehicles and works utilities.



#### STATE RECORDS ACT 2000 – STANDARD 2/PRINCIPAL 6

In accordance with the requirements of Standard 2, Principal 6 of the State Records Act, I hereby report on how the Shire of Northampton employees are complying with the Shire's Records Keeping Plan:

#### Item 6.1 - Staff Training, Information Sessions, Publications.

Activities to ensure staff awareness and compliance are under process of being implemented in accordance with Council's endorsed Record Keeping Plan and will be an ongoing requirement of the organisation.

In addition training has been undertaken and continues to be reviewed to ensure Council's electronic filing system and hard copy system is utilised fully and correctly. The electronic system and hard copy filing system work in conjunction with each other ensuring correct record keeping procedures.

#### Item 6.2 – Performance Indicators in place

The following performance indicators have been developed to measure the efficiency and effectiveness of the Shire of Northampton's record keeping system:-

A register is to be maintained by the Administration staff responsible for filing all records of:-

- Records that cannot be located
- Files that are missing and unable to be located

With the administration centre being relatively small the issue of missing files has not been encountered with the exception of files that were archived some years prior and these too have been very minimal.

#### Item 6.3 - Agency Evaluation

The Shire of Northampton's record keeping system undertook a full review in 2019/2020 and will be continually reviewed and improved where possible in order to pursue best practice for the organisation. The current record keeping systems are assessed as being efficient and effective for the requirements of the organisation.

#### STAFF LONG EMPLOYMENT RECOGNITION

Three employees reached major milestones in years of service to the Council, being Gordan Fraser (works crew) 35 years of service, Karene Sedgwick (Kalbarri Administration) 35 years of service and Leanne Rowe – Accountant, 30 years of service. We congratulate these employees on these milestones and their dedication to the Shire of Northampton.

#### CONCLUSION

In conclusion my special thanks go to the staff and Councillors for their assistance, guidance and co-operation during the period of this report.

I also take this opportunity to thank the many residents who have assisted Council in some form in achieving its goals and objectives throughout 2019/2020.



### **WORKS & TECHNICAL SERVICES**

#### NEIL BROADHURST MANAGER FOR WORKS & TECHNICAL SERVICES

Major projects undertaken have been the continuation of Councils program to upgrade the four main townsites and rural road network.

Regional Road Group Projects consisted of:

- Shoulder Reconditioning works on Kalbarri Road between 46.00 and 54.00 slk. This has completed the 4-year program to complete these works.
- Shoulder Reconditioning works carried out on the length of the Port Gregory Road from the George Grey Drive intersection to Gregory, including a section of widening of the bitumen seal adjacent to the Hutt Lagoon area.

Roads to Recovery funding consisted of:

- Completion of the realignment of the Binnu West Road intersection with Chilimony Road.
- Construct and bitumen seal Erwood and Thornton Streets, Northampton.

Commodity Route Funding

• A Commodity Route Funding application was successful for the construction and bitumen sealing of 3.6kms of the Harvey and Horry Roads.

**Own Resources** 

- Completion of Hatch Road floodway that had to be deferred from 2018/19 due to rainfall events.
- Continuing reseal program for Kalbarri townsite streets including asphalt reseals to Porter Street and the nearby CBD car park area adjacent to the Police Station.
- Commencement of works on Bateman Street and Fifth Avenue, Northampton which have carried over into the 2020/2021 program.
- Northampton Lions Park parking area was constructed and sealed and following the recent years of redevelopment works of the larger part of the Lions Park area has complimented the previous year/s works to a now completed stage which has received positive feedback.

- The construction and sealing of the Blue Holes car park in Kalbarri and access road was completed.
- Rural Roads saw various gravel sheeting/patching and associated works undertaken. With the continuation in arguably larger scale bitumen construction works taking a longer timeframe within the operations or construction section of the shire works, it is arguable this would have an adverse effect on the condition of the rural and mainly unsealed roads in the shire, to date this has not been overly apparent however management are mindful of the need to increase the amount of works particularly to seasonal high use unsealed roads.

Dual Use Pathways

- Dual use pathway installed in Port Gregory between Lynton Avenue and Port Street.
- Kalbarri dual use pathway installed on the south side of Grey Street from Rushton Street to the Red Bluff/Grey Street corner and Glass Street from the medical Centre though to Tiki Cove. Malaleuca pathway in Kalbarri continued to have maintenance carried out to old or damaged sections of pathway.

Other Works

 Completion of additional paving, installation of table and chair facilities and stair replacement surrounding the Northampton Hampton Gardens and toilet area/s.

**Plant Fleet** 

• Plant purchased thought out 2019 20 were:

New vibrating smooth drum roller.

Ordering and delivery of a new truck and trailer, plus various small sundry plant items replaced or upgraded.

Works staff have to the whole performed well undertaking many varying tasks throughout the Shire.



Sealing of Horry Road



# ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH & BUILDING SERVICES

#### GLENN BANGAY ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH OFFICER/BUILDING SURVEYOR ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH OFFICER – WENDY DALLYWATER

Areas of responsibility include:

**ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH** (Shire of Northampton, Shire of Chapman Valley & Shire of Shark Bay)

- Inspection of Food Premises, including stall holders and mobile food vendors;
- Surveillance of Food Standards;
- Ensuring currency of Legislation;
- Attendance as required on recall of food product;
- Hairdressing establishments, including body piercing (ears nose, etc.);
- Chiropractic and physiotherapy establishments;
- Inspection and surveillance of seven refuse sites and transfer stations, processing and submitting annual reports to Department of Water and Environmental Regulation, and enforcing any and all restrictions/requirements adhered to those refuse site licences;
- Waste Management recycling, refuse and rubbish;
- Monitoring Council's refuse contractors performance and billing process;
- Caravan Parks and Camping Grounds;
- Other public and private accommodation;
- Public buildings;
- Public swimming pools (e.g. at motels, resorts);
- Approval and inspection of effluent disposal systems;
- Follow-up of Notifiable Disease Notifications;
- Sampling of potable water supplies, public swimming pools, reuse treated sewage (golf course) and ground water at the Kalbarri Refuse Site, Port Gregory and other significant ground water sites;
- Noise, dust and other health related complaints;
- Monitor and review Asbestos Register of Council owned buildings and infrastructure;
- Specific advice on matters relating to the COVID-19 Pandemic, including written material, signage and communicating relevant and updated information;
- General advice to the public on matters relating to environmental health; and
- Any other relevant health matter required to be attended to by Council staff.

**BUILDING** (Shire of Northampton and Shire of Shark Bay)

- Assessment of Building Applications for compliance with the National Construction Code of Australia and relevant Australian Standards;
- Issue of Certificate of Design Compliance for Class 1 & 10 buildings;
- Process and issue of Building Permits;
- Process and issue of Demolition Permits;
- Monitoring the handling and disposal of any Asbestos Containing Materials and the compliance with the ACM Handling and Disposal Code;
- Inspection of building works during the course of construction and on completion, including site-works, concrete footings and slabs, timber floor, wall and roof framing, masonry work, anchorage and tie down details, practical completion; as and when required by the NCC;
- Initial and periodic compliance inspections of private swimming pools barrier fencing, gates and access points;
- Disability Access and Inclusion Issues including annual reporting;
- Inspection and maintenance of Council controlled and owned buildings including preparing and overseeing Council building maintenance budget;
- Maintain close liaison with builders, architects/draftsmen and owner builders to ensure a satisfactory standard of building construction and compliance with the Building Code of Australia, is maintained; and
- Any other relevant building matter required to be attended to by Council staff.

#### **RESOURCE SHARING**

The Shire of Northampton continues to provide Environmental Health Services to the Shire of Chapman Valley and Environmental Health and Building Services to the Shire of Shark Bay.

#### DISABLED ACCESS

The Shire has a responsibility under the State Disability Services Act to continuously hold under review the provision of suitable access to its services and buildings for people with disabilities.

In line with this requirement under the Shire of Northampton Disability Access and Inclusion Plan, Council's EHO/Building Surveyor will undertakes a review of disability services within the Shire of Northampton annually and makes recommendations as to future works and projects to enhance disability access to all areas. Note! All new buildings are compliant with disability access, fixtures and services.

New disabled and ambulant compliant ablution blocks have been constructed at the Blue Holes beach in Kalbarri and at the Kalbarri Camp facility, new concrete footpaths have been installed around Northampton and Kalbarri with access compliant ramps.

#### WASTE MANAGEMENT

During the year, the Council has sought to continue improvement in its waste management practices and an improved level of compliance with Department of Works and Environmental Regulation requirements.

Following the purchase of additional land adjoining the Binnu Refuse Site, Council is in the process of developing the land and the current Binnu Refuse Site to extend the life and availability of an efficient and cost affective local refuse disposal site.

#### PUBLIC SWIMMING POOLS

Inspections and water sampling of 29 Public Swimming Pools is conducted on a monthly basis, within the Shire of Northampton, Shire of Chapman Valley, and Shire of Shark Bay as per the requirements of the new regulations.

#### **DRINKING WATER SAMPLING**

Sampling is carried out on all food premises, caravan parks or townsites that are supplied with non-scheme water i.e. bore, rainwater or other source of water supply (Roadhouses, station/farm stays, caravan parks, nature based camping areas and some residential areas).

#### FOOD PREMISES

All the Food Premises were inspected throughout the year at regular intervals on a risk assessment basis and, where required, work requests were issued for premises to be brought into compliance with the new Food Standards Code. All food premises are now registered under the new Food Act.

A noticeable improvement in the overall standard of the premises, food handling, storage and preparation of food in the food premises has been observed and pressure will continue to keep the standard improving.

The new Minimum Requirements for Temporary Food Stalls have been implemented and have been accepted very well and the most recent temporary food stalls complied with the requirements

Follow up inspections will be carried out with a more regular program to ensure premises continue with the required works and maintain a high standard of cleanliness, hygiene and work practices.

The COVID-19 Pandemic has increased the work load on monitoring all food premises, public areas, public facilities and areas where the public congregate, to ensure adequate and efficient cleaning programmes in the food premises and in public access areas, such as ablution blocks, playground equipment, etc. Providing information and encouraging the public to continue with social and practical distancing and maintaining high levels of personal hygiene.

#### **BUILDING CONTROL**

108 Building Permits issued including 15 demolition permits were issued during the year under review at a total value of \$10,647,403.

General Statistics, for the 2019/2020 financial year and of previous years are provided in the tables at the end of this report.

#### COUNCIL'S BUILDING ASSETS

Regular inspections of all Council's building assets occur, and maintenance undertaken where required and or necessary, subject to budget parameters and financial allocations. The general standard of Councils' building assets has improved due to regular maintenance and this work will be continued to further enhance the value and integrity of the assets. A five year maintenance schedule is currently being developed for all of Councils' building assets.

#### CARAVAN PARKS AND CAMPING GROUNDS.

Inspections of these facilities are undertaken at regular intervals. Notices with regard to the upgrading of facilities and caravans according to the requirements of the Caravan and Camping Grounds Act and Regulations were issued where required and follow up inspections have been carried out to ensure continued compliance with the relevant legislation.

The redevelopment of the Horrocks Caravan Park and the Red Bluff Caravan Park is continuing and are providing a much needed tourism accommodation asset to the region.



KALBARRI	20	016/2017	20	17/2018	201	8/2019		
	No	Value	No	Value	No	Value	No	Value
Houses	12	\$3,489,941	8	\$2,005,898	7	\$1,866,374	4	\$6,482,569
Additions/Alterations	13	\$193,054	10	\$111,570	14	\$204,885	6	\$101,000
Outbuildings	17	\$570,680	16	\$211,198	13	\$393,500	26	\$381,220
Comm./Ind./Public	1	\$150,000	1	\$1,200,000	7	\$2,089,078	11	\$4,744,480
Demolitions	5	\$16,600	4	\$20,870	9	\$56,310	10	\$76,485
TOTALS	48	\$4,420,275	39	\$3,549,536	50	\$4,610,147	57	\$6,482,569
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NORTHAMPTON	20	016/2017	201	7/2018	201	8/2019		2019/2020
	No	Value	No	Value	No	Value	No	Value
Houses			2	\$477,360	0	\$0	2	\$561,968
Additions/Alterations	5	\$81,079	8	\$93,000	7	\$102,506	3	\$38,500
Outbuildings	10	\$242,308	4	\$44,500	4	\$90,869	13	\$226,432
Comm./Ind./Public	4	\$1,581,610	1	\$800,000	1	\$637,982	3	
Demolitions	1	\$4,000	2	\$8,800	1	\$3,000	2	\$21,000
TOTALS	20	\$1,908,997	17	\$1,423,660	13	\$834,357	23	\$1,224,251
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HORROCKS	20	016/2017	201	7/2018	201	8/2019		2019/20
	No	Value	No	Value	No	Value	No	Value
Houses			2	\$535,391	2	\$1,144,823	3	\$1,539,613
Additions/Alterations	1	\$10,000	7	\$130570	1	\$11,500	4	\$237,000
Outbuildings	1	\$15,000	2	\$23,000	3	\$50,500	6	\$143,515
Comm./Ind./Public			2	\$935,000	0	\$0	0	\$0
Demolitions			5	\$29,622	4	\$31,600	2	\$14,000
TOTALS	2	\$25,000	18	\$1,653,583	10	\$1,238,423	15	\$1,934,128

OTHER LOCALITIES		2016/2017	2	017/2018	20	18/2019		2019/2020
	No	Value	No	Value	No	Value	No	Value
Houses	3	\$620,685	3	\$364,000	3	\$426,513	3	\$786,195
Additions/Alterations	2	\$13,000	3	\$16,500	6	\$70,071	4	\$52,200
Outbuildings	7	\$416,635	8	\$200,880	4	\$205,750	3	\$128,360
Comm./Ind./Public	3	\$310,500			0	\$0	0	\$0
Demolitions			1	\$65000	0	\$0	3	\$39,700
TOTALS	15	\$1,360,820	15	\$646,380	13	\$702,334	13	\$1,006,455

WHOLE OF SHIRE	2	016/2017		2017/2018	2	018/2019		2019/2020
	No	Value	No	Value	No	Value	No	Value
TOTALS	85	\$7,715,092	89	\$7,273,159	85	\$7,385,261	108	\$10,647,403

#### **PLANNING** HAYLEY WILLIAMS – PLANNING CONSULTANT MICHELLE ALLEN – PLANNING OFFICER

The following summarises the major planning activities undertaken or initiated within the 2019/20 financial year.

#### Local Planning Strategy (LPS) Review

Council was successful in obtaining funding to undertake a review of the Shire of Northampton's Local Planning Strategy in the 2016/17 financial year, and this review has stalled due to the inability of the Western Australian Planning Commission/Department of Planning, Lands and Heritage (WAPC/DPLH) to deal with strategic planning requirements (such as LPS reviews) as a direct result of limited capacity afforded to the Department.

The existing Local Planning Strategy was completed in 2008 and it was recommended for review, due to its contents being outdated and requiring adjustment. The Local Planning Strategy establishes the planning framework and strategic basis for future Local Planning Schemes and sets out the Shire's objectives for future land-use planning and development by addressing the social, environmental, resource management and economic factors that affect/are affected by land use and development.

The adopted draft Local Planning Strategy was forwarded to the Department of Planning, Lands and Heritage on 26 July 2019 for certification. The Shire has been awaiting the Department's consent to advertise the Strategy for 14 months. The ability to seek public comment on the draft Strategy will be realised when WAPC/DPLH are afforded capacity to deal with this statutory requirement and also give recognition to 'local intelligence' that has identified diverse factors of different localities that have guided the Shire of Northampton's approach to developing separate strategies (Horrocks Beach, Kalbarri and Northampton) relevant to achieving sustainable development in the future within this diverse Shire.

#### Horrocks Beach Coastal Hazard Risk Management and Adaptation Plan (CHRMAP)

Council was successful in obtaining funding to prepare a CHRMAP for Horrocks Beach within the 2018/19 financial year, with the preparation of the draft plan now completed. The purpose of the CHRMAP is to identify coastal hazards, evaluate their likelihood and consequences for specific assets, and identify management and adaptation responses to the risks as well as prioritise these responses.

Council's appointed consultant, GHD, has completed the drafts of the Coastal Hazard Assessment together with draft of the Final Report of the CHRMAP for Horrocks Beach. The Plan was advertised in March/April 2020 and due to the impact of COVID-19 the advertising period was extended for an additional 60 days over April to June 2020 in lieu of the Community Information Session.

The Draft Horrocks Coastal Hazard Risk Management and Adaptation Plan will be presented to Council for adoption in the 2020/2021 year.

#### Local Planning Policies Review

Within the 2019/20 financial year, a review of the Shire of Northampton's Local Planning Policies continued, in order to update the existing policies and address provisions and terminology within the Local Planning Scheme No. 11 - Kalbarri, the Planning and Development (Local Planning Schemes) Regulations and to rectify other anomalies. During the financial year, three (3) Local Planning Policies were reviewed (Commercial Recreation Tourism Activity, Street Walls and Front Fences in Kalbarri and Heritage Conservation and Development). A new Information Note (Residential Fencing 2019 – Information Sheet) was developed and adopted to provide explanation of fencing matters and provisions in residential areas of the Shire. This review of Local Planning Policies continues and is being led by the Shire's Consultant Planner with assistance from the Planning Officer.

#### Heritage List and Municipal Heritage Inventory Review

The ongoing review of the Shire of Northampton's Local Planning Scheme No 10.'s Heritage List and the Shire's Municipal Heritage Inventory continued during the 2019/20 financial year. The Heritage List has been further examined with a number of places noted for potential removal and those places classified in the Municipal Heritage Inventory as Management Categories 1 and 2 form the basis of the Heritage List. A number of places with low management categories were retained in the list due to their contribution to a streetscape, landscape or heritage precinct. The review of the Municipal Heritage Inventory updated and amended identified errors since the last review in 2015 and included textual and information amendments, the removal of a duplicate Place Record and the inclusion of a new Place Record (Pakington Whaling Station). These reviews were undertaken by the Shire's Consultant Planner and Planning Officer.

#### Subdivision Applications and Subdivision Clearances

Subdivision activity in the Shire has remained steady and at a low rate with three subdivision referrals and one clearance issued during the financial year.

Year	Subdivision Referrals	Clearances	Total
2019/20	3	1	4
2018/19	3	0	3
2017/18	4	1	5
2016/17	1	2	3
2015/16	1	1	2

#### **Applications for Development Approval**

Applications for development approval within the Shire have increased during the 2019/20 financial year. Applications have included renewals for home occupation/cottage industries, commercial recreation licenses and mobile food vehicle permits, and applications for single dwellings, outbuildings, telecommunications infrastructure, temporary placement of shipping containers, holiday homes and signage.

Year	Council Items	Delegated	Total
		Approvals	Total
2019/20	16 (17%)	89 (83%)	105
2018/19	18 (22%)	63 (78%)	81
2017/18	16 (18%)	75 (82%)	91
2016/17	17 (27%)	46 (73%)	63
2015/16	16 (20%)	66 (80%)	82

#### **Scheme Amendments and Structure Plans**

No Scheme Amendments were initiated during the financial year by the Shire of Northampton.

#### Conclusion

In summary, the above illustrates the steady statutory and strategic planning activities that have taken place within the Shire of Northampton during the 2019/20 financial year. The aforementioned projects illustrate the important role that the Local Authority is taking in terms of strategic planning along with the essential role it plays in delivering a consistent statutory planning function.



**Chiverton House** 

## NATIONAL COMPETITION POLICY - CLAUSE 7

In accordance with the National Competition Policy - Clause 7 Statement the following relevant details are reported.

#### Principle CN.10

Details of the application and implementation of competitive neutrality principles to the activities and functions of the Shire of Northampton.

None of Council's business activities received in excess of \$200,000 revenue per annum, therefore Council has not applied the competitive neutrality principle on National Competition Policy during the year under review.

#### **Principle SR.4**

The application and implementation of structural reform principles regarding Public Monopolies to the activities and principles of the Shire of Northampton.

Council does not consider any of its activities being monopolistic and will continually review all its activities and functions to ensure the following:

- Efficient and effective utilisation of Council's resources, (ie financial, human, plant and equipment, etc) to the benefits of its electors.
- Ensure that the social ramification or alteration to any specific activity or function, are clearly identified.

Council does outsource some of its activities and has adopted the concept of resource sharing.

#### Principle LR.8

The application and implementation of a legislative review of its Local Laws.

A comprehensive review was undertaken in 2016/17 with many obsolete local laws repealed and additional and revised local laws adopted.

# SHIRE INFORMATION



#### **Contact Details**

Northampton Administration Centre Phone: (08) 99341202 Fax: (08) 99341072 Address: PO Box 61 Northampton 6535 Email council@northampton.wa.gov.au Web – www.northampton.wa.gov.au

Kalbarri Administration Centre Phone: (08) 99371097 Fax: (08) 99371466

All initial enquiries are to be directed to the relevant officer at the Northampton Office.

#### **Council Statistics**

475km
12,499 sqkm
371 km
935 km
3,319
40 (FTE)

#### **Suburbs & Localities**

Northampton, Kalbarri, Horrocks Beach, Port Gregory, Binnu, Ajana, Isseka.

#### **Boundaries**

Shires of Chapman Valley, Shark Bay, City of Greater Geraldton and Murchison.

#### **Significant Local Events**

Northampton Agricultural Show and Kalbarri Canoe & Cray Festival.

#### History

Recorded history of this area dates back to 1629 with the wrecked Dutch ship Batavia and two men being marooned at the mouth of the Murchison River.

Copper was first discovered in WA at Wannernooka in 1842, with lead then being discovered in 1848.

A convict hiring station was established at Port Gregory from 1853-1856. The first railway commenced in 1874 and was completed in 1879 running from Geraldton to Northampton, later being extended to Ajana in 1913.

With the railway came the expansion of the district's mining and agriculture, more lead and copper mines were opened up, cereal crops (mainly wheat) were increasing and sheep numbers also increased.

Local Government commenced in 1871, the district then named "Mines Road District". Its boundaries being described from the north by running a line running eastward from the mouth of the Murchison River, west by the Indian Ocean, south by a line running eastward from the mouth of the Buller River, with no eastern boundary.

The first local government administration centre/office was built in 1898 in Northampton, new offices were built in 1957 and were extensively extended and modified in 1984. The Kalbarri administration centre, being the "Allen Centre", was opened in 1992.

#### **Council Agenda**

The agenda for an Ordinary Meeting of the Council is available for inspection by members of the public from the commencement of business on the day having been served on the Members, at the Northampton and Kalbarri offices of the Council. The agenda is usually available on the Monday prior to Council meetings.

Persons wishing for a matter to be considered by Council are required to have their request lodged to the relevant Senior Officer on the Tuesday the week before the Council meeting.

#### Fire Control

Don't forget all owners and occupiers need to install firebreaks on their properties before 1 October and maintain them up until the 15 February of each year.

Firebreaks in the townsites of Horrocks and Kalbarri must be to a width of at least 3 metres and lots are not to have bush pushed up then burnt at a later date. All material must be removed or slashed.

All remaining areas need to have firebreaks not less than 2 metres wide immediately inside all external boundaries of the property and also immediately surrounding all buildings on the property. Other requirements are stated on the Fire Break Notice which is issued with the rate assessments.

They can be installed by raking, scraping, ploughing, cultivating, scarifying, or chemical spraying. If any of these methods are impracticable please contact the Bush Fire Control Officer, Mr Robert McKenzie on (08) 99341202, your local Fire Control Officer or the Shire Office.

Burning permits are required for the period 1 September to 14 October and 2 March to 15 April of each year and burning is prohibited for the period 15 October to 1 March of each year, with the exception of small heaps of rubbish on the ground between 6pm and 11pm within a low, moderate or high fire weather warning.

All burning periods are reviewed annually and are subject to change.

#### **Citizenship Ceremonies**

The Shire of Northampton conducts Citizenship ceremonies to approved applicants when required and is normally held during an ordinary meeting of Council. Application forms for citizenship are available from Post Offices and the Ministry of Immigration and Multicultural Affairs.

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# PART 2

# AUDIT REPORT

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# **ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**



Grant Middleton – Deputy CEO

#### SHIRE OF NORTHAMPTON

#### **FINANCIAL REPORT**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

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#### **COMMUNITY VISION**

A proud and unique community recognising the past and creating the future.

Principal place of business: 199 Hampton Road NORTHAMPTON WA 6535

#### SHIRE OF NORTHAMPTON FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

Local Government Act 1995 Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996

#### STATEMENT BY CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The attached financial report of the Shire of Northampton for the financial year ended 30 June 2020 is based on proper accounts and records to present fairly the financial position of the Shire of Northampton at 30 June 2020 and the results of the operations for the financial year then ended in accordance with the Local Government Act 1995 and, to the extent that they are not inconsistent with the Act, the Australian Accounting Standards.

Signed on the	Ind	day of	February	2021
		ч. -		
			Chief Executive C	Officer

Garry L Keeffe



#### SHIRE OF NORTHAMPTON STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME BY NATURE OR TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

	NOTE	2020 Actual	2020 Budget	2019 Actual
		\$	\$	\$
Revenue				
Rates	22(a)	4,709,139	4,703,547	4,574,430
Operating grants, subsidies and contributions	2(a)	2,690,764	1,557,893	2,522,304
Fees and charges	2(a)	1,258,415	1,280,648	1,390,861
Interest earnings	2(a)	75,737	106,450	108,101
Other revenue	2(a)	0	0	366,288
		8,734,055	7,648,538	8,961,984
Expenses				
Employee costs		(3,384,466)	(3,365,648)	(3,174,633)
Materials and contracts		(2,281,487)	(2,164,572)	(2,634,247)
Utility charges		(402,004)	(320,250)	(390,064)
Depreciation on non-current assets	10(b)	(2,238,473)	(2,149,300)	(2,132,133)
Interest expenses	2(b)	(68,090)	(64,877)	(46,990)
Insurance expenses		(177,465)	(209,440)	(276,465)
Other expenditure		(546,118)	(466,509)	(431,712)
		(9,098,103)	(8,740,596)	(9,086,244)
		(364,048)	(1,092,058)	(124,260)
New exercise events, subsidies and contributions	O(z)	4 540 450	4 500 000	4 550 007
Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions	2(a)	1,519,153	1,500,386	1,559,037
Profit on asset disposals	10(a)	14,007	20,280	8,549
(Loss) on asset disposals	10(a)	(182,954)	(29,000)	(2,685)
		1,350,206	1,491,666	1,564,901
Net result for the period		986,158	399,608	1,440,641
Total comprehensive income for the period		986,158	399,608	1,440,641



#### SHIRE OF NORTHAMPTON STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME BY PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

		2020	2020	2019
	NOTE	Actual	Budget	Actual
		\$	\$	\$
Revenue	2(a)			
Governance		90,708	60,154	56,948
General purpose funding		6,491,553	5,650,065	6,301,383
Law, order, public safety		180,964	73,383	554,097
Health		32,564	40,112	39,789
Education and welfare		224,288	226,362	246,957
Housing		67,851	53,436	59,682
Community amenities		887,642	886,277	923,656
Recreation and culture		93,438	81,418	82,505
Transport		180,812	180,166	170,163
Economic services		310,602	274,600	273,889
Other property and services		173,633	122,565	252,915
		8,734,055	7,648,538	8,961,984
Expenses	2(b)			
Governance	. ,	(934,238)	(896,152)	(859,198)
General purpose funding		(268,589)	(220,112)	(264,237)
Law, order, public safety		(434,169)	(338,993)	(531,108)
Health		(200,788)	(168,239)	(204,837)
Education and welfare		(98,599)	(297,868)	(344,098)
Housing		(93,330)	(92,380)	(95,568)
Community amenities		(1,578,943)	(1,584,857)	(1,493,896)
Recreation and culture		(1,542,891)	(1,639,690)	(1,701,005)
Transport		(3,087,782)	(2,949,439)	(2,928,911)
Economic services		(545,256)	(467,989)	(466,485)
Other property and services		(245,428)	(20,000)	(149,911)
		(9,030,013)	(8,675,719)	(9,039,254)
Finance Costs	2(b)			
Education and welfare	. ,	(16,920)	(17,126)	(11,634)
Housing		(8,397)	(8,497)	(9,234)
Recreation and culture		(13,616)	(10,973)	(593)
Transport		(8,593)	(7,716)	(3,881)
Other property and services		(20,564)	(20,565)	(21,648)
		(68,090)	(64,877)	(46,990)
		(364,048)	(1,092,058)	(124,260)
Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions	2(a)	1,519,153	1,500,386	1,559,037
Profit on disposal of assets	10(a)	14,007	20,280	8,549
(Loss) on disposal of assets	10(́a)́	(182,954)	(29,000)	(2,685)
		1,350,206	1,491,666	1,564,901
Net result for the period		986,158	399,608	1,440,641
Total comprehensive income for the period		986,158	399,608	1,440,641



#### SHIRE OF NORTHAMPTON STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2020

	NOTE	2020	2019
		\$	\$
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	3	2,788,706	2,898,521
Trade and other receivables	6	456,672	504,024
Other financial assets	5(a)	52,444	34,794
Inventories	7	244,514	243,023
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		3,542,336	3,680,362
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Trade and other receivables	6	79,636	68,370
Other financial assets	5(b)	616,400	654,387
Other financial assets at fair value through profit		70.069	70.069
and loss	5(b)	70,068	70,068
Property, plant and equipment	8	28,433,105	30,357,005
Infrastructure	9	96,426,844	95,128,984
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		125,626,053	126,278,814
TOTAL ASSETS		129,168,389	129,959,176
CURRENT LIABILITIES	4.0		- 40.0-0
Trade and other payables	12	477,282	743,372
Contract liabilities	13	88,223	0
Borrowings Employee related provisions	14(a) 15	190,417 787,109	157,324
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	15	1,543,031	735,158 1,635,854
TOTAL CORRENT LIABILITIES		1,040,001	1,035,054
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Borrowings	14(a)	1,578,677	1,429,095
Employee related provisions	15	64,646	48,350
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,643,323	1,477,445
TOTAL LIABILITIES		3,186,354	3,113,299
NET ASSETS		125,982,035	126,845,877
EQUITY			
Retained surplus		84,397,679	83,450,432
Reserves - cash/financial asset backed	4	965,039	926,128
Revaluation surplus	11	40,619,317	42,469,317
TOTAL EQUITY		125,982,035	126,845,877



	NOTE	C RETAINED SURPLUS \$	RESERVES CASH/FINANCIAL ASSET BACKED \$	REVALUATION SURPLUS \$	TOTAL EQUITY \$
Balance as at 1 July 2018		81,998,078	937,841	42,469,317	125,405,236
Comprehensive income Net result for the period	_	1,440,641	0	0	1,440,641
Total comprehensive income		1,440,641	0	0	1,440,641
Transfers from reserves	4	168,370	(168,370)	0	0
Transfers to reserves	4	(156,657)	156,657	0	0
Balance as at 30 June 2019	-	83,450,432	926,128	42,469,317	126,845,877
Change in accounting policy	26(b)	0	0	(1,850,000)	(1,850,000)
Restated total equity at 1 July 2019	· · · -	83,450,432	926,128	40,619,317	124,995,877
Comprehensive income Net result for the period		986,158	0	0	986,158
Total comprehensive income	-	986,158	0	0	986,158
					,
Transfers from reserves	4	58,694	(58,694)		0
Transfers to reserves	4	(97,605)	97,605	0	0
Balance as at 30 June 2020	-	84,397,679	965,039	40,619,317	125,982,035



#### SHIRE OF NORTHAMPTON STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

		2020	2020	2019
	NOTE	Actual	Budget	Actual
		\$	\$	\$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts Rates		4,738,694	4,703,547	4,603,545
Operating grants, subsidies and contributions		2,817,291	1,557,893	2,493,484
Fees and charges		1,258,415	1,280,648	1,390,861
Interest received		75,737	106,450	108,101
Other revenue		0	0	366,288
		8,890,137	7,648,538	8,962,279
Payments			<i>/-</i> · · · ·	<i></i>
Employee costs		(3,256,844)	(3,365,648)	(3,194,899)
Materials and contracts		(2,619,049)	(2,164,572)	(2,912,110)
Utility charges Interest expenses		(402,004) (68,090)	(320,250) (64,877)	(390,064) (47,549)
Insurance paid		(177,465)	(209,440)	(276,465)
Goods and services tax paid		(21,167)	(200,440)	7,029
Other expenditure		(546,118)	(466,509)	(431,712)
		(7,090,737)	(6,591,296)	(7,245,770)
Net cash provided by (used in)				
operating activities	16	1,799,400	1,057,242	1,716,509
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Payments for financial assets at fair values through				
profit and loss		0	0	(70,068)
Payments for purchase of property, plant & equipment	8(a)	(1,099,601)	(1,626,935)	(1,144,987)
		. ,	· · · ·	. ,
Payments for construction of infrastructure	9(a)	(2,649,683)	(2,907,901)	(2,870,550)
Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions	2(a)	1,519,153	1,500,386	1,559,037
Proceeds from financial assets at amortised cost - term deposits		(16,053)	0	0
Proceeds from financial assets at amortised cost - self		(10,000)	0	0
supporting loans		36,391	36,391	34,794
Proceeds from sale of property, plant & equipment	10(a)	117,905	116,900	135,318
Net cash provided by (used in)				
investment activities		(2,091,888)	(2,881,159)	(2,356,456)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	11/6)	(157,225)	(157.225)	(124.046)
Repayment of borrowings Proceeds from new borrowings	14(b) 14(b)	(157,325) 340,000	(157,325) 365,000	(134,246) 500,000
Net cash provided by (used In)	14(0)	540,000	303,000	500,000
financing activities		182,675	207,675	365,754
•		,	, -	,
Net increase (decrease) in cash held		(109,813)	(1,616,242)	(274,193)
Cash at beginning of year		2,898,521	2,880,313	3,172,714
Cash and cash equivalents	16	0 700 700	1 064 074	2 000 504
at the end of the year	16	2,788,706	1,264,071	2,898,521

#### SHIRE OF NORTHAMPTON RATE SETTING STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

		2020	2020	2019
	NOTE	Actual	Budget	Actual
		\$	\$	\$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net current assets at start of financial year - surplus/(deficit)	23 (b)	1,763,871	1,734,648	1,745,371
		1,763,871	1,734,648	1,745,371
Bovenue from operating activities (evoluting rates)				
Revenue from operating activities (excluding rates) Governance		102,552	71,434	56,948
General purpose funding		1,822,016	987,778	1,767,220
Law, order, public safety		180,964	73,383	554,097
Health		32,564	40,112	39,789
Education and welfare		224,288	226,362	246,957
Housing		67,851	53,436	59,682
Community amenities		887,642	886,277	923,656
Recreation and culture		93,438	81,418	82,505
Transport		182,975	189,166	178,712
Economic services		310,602	274,600	273,889
Other property and services		173,633	122,565	252,915
		4,078,525	3,006,531	4,436,370
Expenditure from operating activities				
Governance		(937,381)	(896,152)	(859,198)
General purpose funding		(268,589)	(220,112)	(264,237)
Law, order, public safety		(434,169)	(338,993)	(531,108)
Health		(200,788)	(168,239)	(204,837)
Education and welfare		(266,349)	(314,994)	(355,732)
Housing		(101,727)	(100,877)	(104,802)
Community amenities		(1,584,757)	(1,584,857)	(1,493,896)
Recreation and culture		(1,556,507)	(1,650,663)	(1,701,598)
Transport		(3,119,542)	(2,986,155)	(2,935,477)
Economic services		(545,256)	(467,989)	(466,485)
Other property and services		(265,992)	(40,565)	(171,559)
		(9,281,057)	(8,769,596)	(9,088,929)
Non-each amounts evoluted from encroting activities	$\Omega^{2}(a)$	2 4 1 2 4 5 0	2 044 420	2 045 917
Non-cash amounts excluded from operating activities	23(a)	2,412,450	2,041,120 (1,987,297)	2,045,817 (861,371)
Amount attributable to operating activities		(1,026,211)	(1,907,297)	(001,371)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions	2(a)	1,519,153	1,500,386	1,559,037
Proceeds from disposal of assets	10(a)	117,905	116,900	135,318
Proceeds from financial assets at amortised cost - self supporting loans		36,391	36,391	34,794
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	8(a)	(1,099,601)	(1,626,935)	(1,144,987)
Purchase and construction of infrastructure	9(a)	(2,649,683)	(2,907,901)	(2,870,550)
Amount attributable to investing activities	( )	(2,075,835)	(2,881,159)	(2,286,388)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Repayment of borrowings	14(b)	(157,325)	(157,325)	(134,246)
Proceeds from borrowings	14(b)	340,000	365,000	500,000
Transfers to reserves (restricted assets)	4	(97,605)	(60,200)	(156,657)
Transfers from reserves (restricted assets)	4	58,694	58,694	168,370
Amount attributable to financing activities		143,764	206,169	377,467
Surplus/(deficit) before imposition of general rates		(2,958,282)	(4,662,287)	(2,770,292)
Total amount raised from general rates	22(a)	4,669,537	4,662,287	4,534,163
Surplus/(deficit) after imposition of general rates	23(b)	1,711,253	0	1,763,871

## SHIRE OF NORTHAMPTON INDEX OF NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

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# 1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial report comprises general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (as they apply to local governments and not-for-profit entities) and Interpretations of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, and the Local Government Act 1995 and accompanying regulations.

# AMENDMENTS TO LOCAL GOVERNMENT (FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT) REGULATIONS 1996

The Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 take precedence over Australian Accounting Standards. Prior to 1 July 2019, Financial Management Regulation 16 arbitrarily prohibited a local government from recognising as assets Crown land that is a public thoroughfare, i.e. land under roads, and land not owned by but under the control or management of the local government, unless it is a golf course, showground, racecourse or recreational facility of State or regional significance. Consequently, some assets pertaining to vested land, including land under roads acquired on or *after 1 July 2008, were not recognised in previous financial* reports of the Shire. This was not in accordance with the requirements of AASB 1051 Land Under Roads paragraph 15 and AASB 116 Property, Plant and Equipment paragraph 7.

From 1 July 2019, the Shire has applied AASB 16 Leases which requires leases to be included by lessees in the statement of financial position. Also, the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 have been amended to specify that vested land is a right-of-use asset to be measured at cost. All right-of-use assets (other than vested improvements) under zero cost concessionary leases are measured at zero cost (i.e. not included in the statement of financial position) rather than at fair value. The exception is vested improvements on concessionary land leases such as roads, buildings or other infrastructure which continue to be reported at fair value, as opposed to the vested land which is measured at zero cost. The measurement of vested improvements at fair value is a departure from AASB 16 which would have required the Shire to measure any vested improvements at zero cost.

The Shire has accounted for the removal of the vested land values associated with vested land previously recognised by removing the land value and associated revaluation reserve as at 1 July 2019. The comparative year amounts have been retained as AASB 16 does not require comparatives to be restated in the year of transition.

Therefore the departure from AASB 1051 and AASB 16 in respect of the comparatives for the year ended 30 June 2019 remains.

Accounting policies which have been adopted in the preparation of this financial report have been consistently applied unless stated otherwise. Except for cash flow and rate setting information, the report has been prepared on the accrual basis and is based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and liabilities.

# NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS FOR APPLICATION IN FUTURE YEARS

On 1 July 2020 the following new accounting standards are to be adopted:

- AASB 1059 Service Concession Arrangements: Grantors
- AASB 2018-7 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Materiality

AASB 1059 Service Concession Arrangements: Grantors is not expected to impact the financial report.

Specific impacts of AASB 2018-7 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Materiality, have not been identified.

#### **CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES**

The preparation of a financial report in conformity with Australian Accounting Standards requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that effect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses.

The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances; the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

#### THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT REPORTING ENTITY

All funds through which the Shire controls resources to carry on its functions have been included in the financial statements forming part of this financial report.

In the process of reporting on the local government as a single unit, all transactions and balances between those funds (for example, loans and transfers between funds) have been eliminated.

All monies held in the Trust Fund are excluded from the financial statements. A separate statement of those monies appears at Note 27 to these financial statements.

#### 2. REVENUE AND EXPENSES

#### **REVENUE RECOGNITION POLICY**

of revenue and recognised as follows:

Recognition of revenue is dependant on the source of revenue and the associated terms and conditions associated with each source

time

When obligatio Allocating Measuring Nature of goods and typically Returns/Refunds/ **Determination of** transaction obligations for Timing of revenue enue Category Payment terms Rates - general General rates Over time Pavment dates Adopted by When When rates notice is Not None rates adopted by council council annually taxable event applicable issued during the year occurs Payment dates Rates - specified Rates charge for specific Over time Refund in event Adopted by When Not When rates notice is area rates defined purpose adopted by council monies are council annually taxable event applicable issued during the year unspent occurs Fixed terms transfer Based on the Output method based on Grant contracts Community events. Over time Contract Set by mutual Returns agreement with the customer with customers minor facilities. of funds based on obligation if progress of limited to project milestones and/or completion date matched research, design, project not works to agreed milestones repayment complete match to performance obligations planning evaluation and and reporting of performance services transaction as inputs are shared . obligations price of terms breached Grants subsidies Construction or Over time Fixed terms transfer Contract Set by mutual Based on the Returns Output method based on or contributions acquisition of obligation if project milestones and/or of funds based on limited to agreement with progress of for the recognisable nonagreed milestones project not the funding body works to repayment completion date matched construction of financial assets to be and reporting complete match of to performance obligations controlled by the local non-financial performance transaction assets government . obligations price of terms breached Grants, subsidies General appropriations Not applicable Not When assets are No Not applicable Cash received On receipt of or contributions and contributions with no obligation funds applicable controlled with no reciprocal commitment contractual commitments Fees and Building, planning, development and animal Single Full payment prior None Set by State Based on No refunds On payment of the licence. point in legislation or timing of registration or approval charges to issue limited by management, having the . time issue of the licences legislation to the registrations, same nature as a associated licence regardless of cost of provision riahts approvals naming. Fees and Compliance safety check Sinale Equal proportion Set by State Apportioned No refunds After inspection complete None charges - pool point in based on an equal legislation equally based on a 4 year cycle inspections time annually fee across the inspection cycle Applied fully Fees and Regulatory food, health Single Full payment prior None Set by State Not Revenue recognised after charges - other legislation or and safety to inspection on timing of applicable point in inspection event occurs limited by inspections time inspection legislation to the cost of provision Over time Fees and Kerbside collection Payment on an None Adopted by Apportioned Not Output method based on charges - waste service annual basis in council annually equally applicable regular weekly and fortnightly period as management across the advance collections collection proportionate to collection period service Based on Fees and Waste treatment, Single Paymentat site or Adopted by Not On entry to facility None on normal trading charges - waste recycling and disposal point in council annually timing of applicable management service at disposal sites time terms if credit entry to facility tipping fees provided Fees and Permission to use Single Monthly in arrears Adopted by Applied fully On landing/departure None Not charges - airport facilities and runway point in council annually on timing of applicable event landing charges time landing/takeoff Use of halls and facilities In full in advance Refund if event Based on On entry or at conclusion Fees and Single Adopted by Returns charges -property hire and entry point in time cancelled within council annually timing of limited to of hire 7 days entry to repayment facility transaction Over time Fees and Childcare fees and Payment in full in Refund for Adopted by Apportioned Returns Output method over 12 charges - child unused portion council annually equally limited to months matched to access membership advance across the care on application repayment riaht access of period transaction . Applied fully Output method based on Payment in full in Fees and Cemetery services. Sinale None Adopted by Not charges for other photocopying, library point in advance council annually based on applicable provision of service or goods and fees, reinstatements and . time timing of . completion of works private works services provision . Merchandise stock In full in advance, Refund for . Applied fully Output method based on Fees and Single Adopted by Returns council annually, goods charges - sale of point in on 30 day credit faulty goods based on limited to stock (Hats, Caps . time set by mutual timing of repayment etc) agreement provision transaction Fees and Fines issued for Single Pavment in full None Adopted by When Not When fine notice is issued charges - fines breaches of local laws point in within defined time council through taxable event applicable time local law occurs Over time Other revenue -Commissions on Payment in arreas None Set by mutual On receipt of Not When assets are agreement with funds applicable controlled commissions licencing the customer Other revenue -Insurance claims Single Payment in arrears None Set by mutual When claim Not When claim is agreed agreement with applicable reimbursements point in for claimable event is agreed the customer

## 2. REVENUE AND EXPENSES

#### (a) Grant revenue

Grants, subsidies and contributions are included as both operating and non-operating revenues in the Statement of Comprehensive Income:

	2020	2020	2019
	Actual	Budget	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Operating grants, subsidies and contributions			
Governance	78,301	48,854	45,615
General purpose funding	1,748,221	881,328	1,659,119
Law, order, public safety	166,763	58,883	244,788
Health	20,912	28,500	28,172
Education and welfare	168,925	119,236	93,655
Housing	8,165	7,000	13,476
Community amenities	51,901	58,200	64,039
Recreation and culture	81,179	68,502	67,086
Transport	178,072	176,325	164,315
Economic services	34,239	8,500	8,002
Other property and services	154,086	102,565	134,037
	2,690,764	1,557,893	2,522,304
Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions			
Law, order, public safety	10,000	0	0
Education and welfare	0	0	53,276
Recreation and culture	165,895	146,910	262,083
Transport	1,343,258	1,353,476	1,243,678
	1,519,153	1,500,386	1,559,037
Total grants, subsidies and contributions	4,209,917	3,058,279	4,081,341
Fees and charges			
Governance	12,407	11,300	11,333
Law, order, public safety	14,200	14,500	15,088
Health	11,652	11,612	11,617
Education and welfare	55,363	107,126	153,302
Housing	59,686	46,436	46,206
Community amenities	835,741	828,077	859,618
Recreation and culture	12,259	12,916	15,419
Transport	2,741	3,841	3,848
Economic services	234,819	224,840	225,620
Other property and services	19,547	20,000	48,810
	1,258,415	1,280,648	1,390,861

#### Grants, subsidies and contributions

Operating grants, subsidies and contributions are grants, subsidies or contributions that are not non-operating in nature.

Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions are amounts received for the acquisition or construction of recognisable non-financial assets to be controlled by the local government.

#### Fees and Charges

Revenue (other than service charges) from the use of facilities and charges made for local government services, sewerage rates, rentals, hire charges, fee for service, photocopying charges, licences, sale of goods or information, fines, penalties and administration fees.

#### SHIRE OF NORTHAMPTON NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020 2. REVENUE AND EXPENSES (Continued)

(a) Revenue (Continued)	2020 Actual	2020 Budget	2019 Actual
Contracts with customers and transfers for recognisable non-financial assets Revenue from contracts with customers and transfers to enable the acquisition or construction of recognisable non-financial assets to be controlled by the Shire was recognised during the year for the following nature or types of goods or services:	\$	\$	\$
Operating grants, subsidies and contributions	2,690,764	1,557,893	2,522,304
Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions	1,519,153	1,500,386	1,559,037
	4,209,917	3,058,279	4,081,341
Revenue from contracts with customers and transfers to enable the acquisition or construction of recognisable non-financial assets to be controlled by the Shire is comprised of:			
Other revenue from contracts with customers recognised during the year Transfers intended for acquiring or constructing recognisable non	2,690,764	1,557,893	2,522,304
financial assets included as a contract liability at the start of the period	148,431	0	0
Other revenue from performance obligations satisfied during the year	1,370,722	1,500,386	1,559,037
	4,209,917	3,058,279	4,081,341
Information about receivables, contract assets and contract liabilities from contracts with customers along with financial assets and associated liabilities arising from transfers to enable the acquisition or construction of recognisable non financial assets is:			
Trade and other receivables from contracts with customers Contract liabilities from contracts with customers	84,131 (88,223)	0 0	108,859 0

Contract liabilities for contracts with customers primarily relate to grants with performance obligations received in advance, for which revenue is recognised over time as the performance obligations are met.

Information is not provided about remaining performance obligations for contracts with customers that had an original expected duration of one year or less.

Consideration from contracts with customers is included in the transaction price.

Performance obligations in relation to contract liabilities from transfers for recognisable non financial assets are satisfied as project milestones are met or completion of construction or acquisition of the asset. All associated performance obligations are expected to be met over the next 12 months.

#### **Revenue from statutory requirements**

Revenue from statutory requirements was recognised during the year for the following nature or types of goods or services:

General rates	4,669,537	4,662,287	4,567,316
Specified area rates	41,543	41,260	40,267
	4,711,080	4,703,547	4,607,583

#### SHIRE OF NORTHAMPTON NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020 2. REVENUE AND EXPENSES (Continued)

#### **Other revenue** Other

## Interest earnings

Interest on reserve funds Rates instalment and penalty interest (refer Note 22(d)) Other interest earnings

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Interest earnings

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for financial assets that subsequently become credit-impaired. For credit-impaired financial assets the effective interest rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (after deduction of the loss allowance).

		366,288
0	0	366,288
12,605	25,200	23,173
39,650	51,450	53,119
23,482	29,800	31,809
75,737	106,450	108,101
12,605 39,650 23,482	25,200 51,450 29,800	366,28 23,17 53,11 31,80

Interest earnings (continued)

Interest income is presented as finance income where it is earned from financial assets that are held for cash management purposes.

			2020	2020	2019
(b)	Expenses	Note	Actual	Budget	Actual
			\$	\$	\$
	Auditors remuneration				
	- Audit of the Annual Financial Report		40,000	40,000	40,000
	- Other services		0	3,900	0
			40,000	43,900	40,000
	Interest expenses (finance costs)				
	Borrowings	14(b)	68,090	64,877	46,990
			68,090	64,877	46,990

3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	NOTE	2020	2019
		\$	\$
Cash at bank and on hand		1,823,667	1,826,125
Term deposits		965,039	1,072,396
Total cash and cash equivalents		2,788,706	2,898,521
<b>Restrictions</b> The following classes of assets have restrictions imposed by regulations or other externally imposed requirements which limit or direct the purpose for which the resources may be used:			
- Cash and cash equivalents		1,037,209	926,128
- Financial assets at amortised cost		16,053	0
		1,053,262	926,128
The restricted assets are a result of the following specific purposes to which the assets may be used:			
Reserves - cash/financial asset backed	4	965.039	926,128
Contract liabilities from contracts with customers	13	88,223	0
Total restricted assets		1,053,262	926,128
SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES			
Cash and each aquivalants		Postrictod accote	

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cash at bank, deposits available on demand with banks and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### **Restricted assets**

Restricted asset balances are not available for general use by the local government due to externally imposed restrictions. Externally imposed restrictions are specified in an agreement, contract or legislation. This applies to reserves, unspent grants, subsidies and contributions and unspent loans that have not been fully expended in the manner specified by the contributor, legislation or loan agreement.

4. RESERVES - CASH/FINANCIAL ASSET	2020 Actual Opening Balance	2020 Actual Transfer to	2020 Actual Transfer (from)	2020 Actual Closing Balance	2020 Budget Opening Balance	2020 Budget Transfer to	2020 Budget Transfer (from)	2020 Budget Closing Balance	2019 Actual Opening Balance	2019 Actual Transfer to	2019 Actual Transfer (from)	2019 Actual Closing Balance
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
(a) Leave Reserve	246,008	7,503		253,511	246,008	10,000	0	256,008	237,544	8,464		246,008
(b) Roadworks Reserve	27,641	998		28,639	27,641	2,000	0	29,641	26,250	1,391		27,641
(c) Kalbarri Airport Reserve	65,315	20,107		85,422	65,315	20,200	0	85,515	45,172	20,143		65,315
(d) Build/Housing Reserve	109,865	10,998		120,863	109,865	12,000	0	121,865	98,118	11,747		109,865
(e) Kalbarri Aged Persons Accommodation Reserve	58,694		(58,694)	0	58,694	0	(58,694)	0	227,064		(168,370)	58,694
(f) Tourism Infrastructure Reserve	100,000			100,000	100,000	0	0	100,000	0	100,000		100,000
(g) Computer Office Equipment Reserve	32,944	502		33,446	32,945	1,000	0	33,945	31,905	1,039		32,944
(h) Land Development Reserve	249,161	57,497		306,658	249,161	15,000	0	264,161	235,288	13,873		249,161
(i) Port Gregory Water Supply Reserve	36,500			36,500	36,500	0	0	36,500	36,500			36,500
	926,128	97,605	(58,694)	965,039	926,129	60,200	(58,694)	927,635	937,841	156,657	(168,370)	926,128

All reserves are supported by cash and cash equivalents and financial assets at amortised cost and are restricted within equity as Reserves - cash/financial assets backed.

In accordance with Council resolutions or adopted budget in relation to each reserve account, the purpose for which the reserves are set aside and their anticipated date of use are as follows:

		Anticipated	
	Name of Reserve	date of use	Purpose of the reserve
(a)	Leave Reserve	Ongoing	To be used to fund annual and long service leave requirements
(b)	Roadworks Reserve	Ongoing	To be used to fund major reseals of bitumen roads and other major road construction works including footpath construction
(c)	Kalbarri Airport Reserve	Ongoing	To be used for the maintenance and construction of the Kalbarri Airport
(d)	Build/Housing Reserve	Ongoing	To be used for the construction of new housing and upgrades to buildings under Council control
(e)	Kalbarri Aged Persons Accommodation Reserve	2019/2020	To be used for the construction of live in aged care facilities in Kalbarri
(f)	Tourism Infrastructure Reserve	Ongoing	To be used to for the development of tourism infrastructure
(g)	Computer Office Equipment Reserve	Ongoing	To be used to for the purchase and upgrade of office equipment and computers
(h)	Land Development Reserve	Ongoing	To be used for the development of Council land for sale on the open market.
(i)	Port Gregory Water Supply Reserve	Ongoing	To be used for the replacement of the Port Gregory pipeline.

5. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS	2020	2019
	\$	\$
(a) Current assets		
Financial assets at amortised cost	52,444	34,794
	52,444	34,794
Other financial assets at amortised cost		
Term deposits	16,053	0
Self supporting loans	36,391	34,794
	52,444	34,794
(b) Non-current assets		
Financial assets at amortised cost	616,400	654,387
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss - Local Government House	70,068	70,068
	686,468	724,455
Financial assets at amortised cost		
Financial assets at amortised cost	616,400	654,387
	616,400	654,387
Financial access of fair value through profit and loss		
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	70.000	70.000
Units in Local Government House Trust	70,068	70,068
	70,068	70,068

Loans receivable from clubs/institutions have the same terms and conditions as the related borrowing disclosed in Note 14(b) as self supporting loans.

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Other financial assets at amortised cost

The Shire classifies financial assets at amortised cost if both of the following criteria are met:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cashflows, and
- the contractual terms give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest.

#### Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss

The Shire classifies the following financial assets at fair value through profit and loss:

- debt investments which do not qualify for measurement at either
- amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income. - equity investments which the Shire has not elected to recognise
- fair value gains and losses through other comprehensive income.

#### Impairment and risk

Information regarding impairment and exposure to risk can be found at Note 24.

# 6. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	\$	\$
Current		
Rates receivable	270,165	300,380
Trade and other receivables	84,131	108,859
GST receivable	21,167	0
Other receivables - rubbish	37,216	38,218
Emergency Services Levy	43,993	42,009
Accrued Income	0	14,558
	456,672	504,024
Non-current		
Pensioner's rates and ESL deferred	79,636	68,370
	79,636	68,370

### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables include amounts due from ratepayers for unpaid rates and service charges and other amounts due from third parties for goods sold and services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade receivables are recognised at original invoice amount less any allowances for uncollectible amounts (i.e. impairment). The carrying amount of net trade receivables is equivalent to fair value as it is due for settlement within 30 days.

#### Impairment and risk exposure

Information about the impairment of trade receivables and their exposure to credit risk and interest rate risk can be found in Note 24.

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2019

2020

**Classification and subsequent measurement** Receivables expected to be collected within 12 months of the end of the reporting period are classified as current assets. All other receivables are classified as non-current assets.

Trade receivables are held with the objective to collect the contractual cashflows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Due to the short term nature of current receivables, their carrying amount is considered to be the same as their fair value. Non-current receivables are indexed to inflation, any difference between the face value and fair value is considered immaterial.

7. INVENTORIES	2020	2019
Current	\$	\$
Fuel and materials	9,514	8,023
Land Held for Resale	235,000	235,000
	244,514	243,023
The following movements in inventories occurred during the year:		
Carrying amount at beginning of period	243,023	246,778
Inventories expensed during the year	279,778	(326,341)
Additions to inventory	(278,287)	322,586
Carrying amount at end of period	244,514	243,023

## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### General

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

# 8. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

## (a) Movements in Carrying Amounts

Movement in the carrying amounts of each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year.

	Land - freehold land	Land - vested in and under the control of Council	Total land	Buildings	Total buildings	Total land and buildings	Furniture and equipment	Plant and equipment	Total property, plant and equipment
Balance at 1 July 2018	<b>\$</b> 4,174,076	\$ 1,850,000	<b>\$</b> 6,024,076	<b>\$</b> 21,312,380	<b>\$</b> 21,312,380	\$ 27,336,456	<mark>\$</mark> 52,439	\$ 2,790,875	<mark>\$</mark> 30,179,770
Additions	9,101		9,101	246,034	246,034	255,135	31,653	858,199	1,144,987
(Disposals)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(129,454)	(129,454)
Depreciation (expense)			0	(399,298)	(399,298)	(399,298)	(13,143)	(425,857)	(838,298)
Carrying amount at 30 June 2019	4,183,177	1,850,000	6,033,177	21,159,116	21,159,116	27,192,293	70,949	3,093,763	30,357,005
Comprises: Gross carrying amount at 30 June 2019 Accumulated depreciation at 30 June 2019 Carrying amount at 30 June 2019 Change in Accounting Policy Carrying amount at 1 July 2019	4,183,177 0 4,183,177 0 4,183,177	1,850,000 0 1,850,000 (1,850,000) 0	6,033,177 0 6,033,177 (1,850,000) 4,183,177	21,957,104 (797,988) 21,159,116 0 21,159,116	21,957,104 (797,988) 21,159,116 0 21,159,116	27,990,281 (797,988) 27,192,293 (1,850,000) 25,342,293	113,478 (42,529) 70,949 0 70,949	4,291,159 (1,197,396) 3,093,763 0 3,093,763	32,394,918 (2,037,913) 30,357,005 (1,850,000) 28,507,005
Additions			0	698,106	698,106	698,106	18,705	382,790	1,099,601
(Disposals)	(55,000)	0	(55,000)	(150,830)	(150,830)	(205,830)	(3,143)	(77,879)	(286,852)
Depreciation (expense)			0	(408,963)	(408,963)	(408,963)	(15,446)	(462,240)	(886,649)
Carrying amount at 30 June 2020	4,128,177	0	4,128,177	21,297,429	21,297,429	25,425,606	71,065	2,936,434	28,433,105
Comprises:									
Gross carrying amount at 30 June 2020	4,128,177	0	4,128,177	22,498,140	22,498,140	26,626,317	127,221	4,531,652	31,285,190
Accumulated depreciation at 30 June 2020 Carrying amount at 30 June 2020	4,128,177	0	4,128,177	(1,200,711) 21,297,429	(1,200,711) 21,297,429	(1,200,711) 25,425,606	<u>(56,156)</u> 71,065	(1,595,218) 2,936,434	(2,852,085) 28,433,105
San ying amount at 30 June 2020	4,120,177	0	+,120,177	21,237,429	21,237,429	20,420,000	71,005	2,350,454	20,400,100

# 8. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

#### (b) Fair Value Measurements

Asset Class	Fair Value Hierarchy	Valuation Technique	Basis of Valuation	Date of Last Valuation	Inputs Used
Land and buildings					
Land - freehold land	2/3	Market approach using recent observable market data for similar properties	Independent registered valuers	June 2017	Price per hectare/ market borrowing rate
Land - vested in and under the control of Council	3	Crown or other vested land will be valued at zero using the cost model effective 1 July 2019.	Local Government (Financial Management) Amendment Regulations 2020	June 2020	In accordance with AASB 16 Leases, Crown or other land vested in the local government is now considered a concessionary right-of-use asset that is to be valued using the cost model.
Buildings	2/3	Market approach using recent observable market data for similar properties	Independent registered valuers	June 2017	Replacement cost, residual value, short life/long life split, pattern of consumption and consumption score.
Furniture and equipment	3	Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost	Management Valuation	June 2016	Residual values and remaining useful life
Plant and equipment					
- Management valuation 2016	2/3	Market approach using recent observable market data & cost approach using depreciated replacement cost	Management Valuation	June 2016	Price per item

Level 3 inputs are based on assumptions with regards to future values and patterns of consumption utilising current information. If the basis of these assumptions were varied, they have the potential to result in a significantly higher or lower fair value measurement.

During the period there were no changes in the valuation techniques used by the local government to determine the fair value of property, plant and equipment using either level 2 or level 3 inputs.

Following a change to Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 17A, plant and equipment type assets (being plant and equipment and furniture and equipment) are to be measured under the cost model, rather than at fair value. This change is effective from 1 July 2019 and represents a change in accounting policy. Revaluations carried out previously were not reversed as it was deemed fair value approximates cost at the date of change.

#### 9. INFRASTRUCTURE

#### (a) Movements in Carrying Amounts

Movement in the carrying amounts of each class of infrastructure between the beginning and the end of the current financial year.

	Infrastructure - Roads	Other infrastructure - Footpaths & Carparks	Other infrastructure - Drainage	Other infrastructure - Parks & Ovals	Other infrastructure - Airport	Other infrastructure - Water & Sewer Reticulation	Total Infrastructure
Balance at 1 July 2018	<b>\$</b> 78,466,839	\$ 2,422,307	\$ 5,706,258	\$ 5,026,049	<b>\$</b> 1,930,816	\$	<b>\$</b> 93,552,269
Additions	2,255,989	455,289	0	159,272	0	C C	2,870,550
Depreciation (expense)	(1,003,795)	(46,407)	(71,328)	(130,020)	(42,285)		(1,293,835)
Carrying amount at 30 June 2019	79,719,033	2,831,189	5,634,930	5,055,301	1,888,531	0	95,128,984
Comprises: Gross carrying amount at 30 June 2019 Accumulated depreciation at 30 June 2019 Carrying amount at 30 June 2019	80,722,828 (1,003,795) 79,719,033	2,877,596 (46,407) 2,831,189	5,706,258 (71,328) 5,634,930	5,185,321 (130,020) 5,055,301	1,930,816 (42,285) 1,888,531	0 0 0	96,422,819 (1,293,835) 95,128,984
Additions	1,901,317	332,450		372,595		43,321	2,649,683
Depreciation (expense) Carrying amount at 30 June 2020	(1,048,964) 80,571,386	(55,336) 3,108,303	(71,328) 5,563,602	(133,910) 5,293,986	(42,285) 1,846,246	43,321	(1,351,823) 96,426,844
Comprises: Gross carrying amount at 30 June 2020 Accumulated depreciation at 30 June 2020 Carrying amount at 30 June 2020	82,624,145 (2,052,759) 80,571,386	3,210,046 (101,743) 3,108,303	5,706,258 (142,656) 5,563,602	5,557,916 (263,930) 5,293,986	1,930,816 (84,570) 1,846,246	43,321 0 43,321	99,072,502 (2,645,658) 96,426,844

#### 9. INFRASTRUCTURE (Continued)

#### (b) Fair Value Measurements

Asset Class	Fair Value Hierarchy	Valuation Technique	Basis of Valuation	Date of Last Valuation	Inputs Used
Infrastructure - Roads	3	All assets inspected with inventory and condition survey results applied to industry replacement costs unit rates.	Management Valuation	June 2018	Construction costs and current condition (Level 2), residual values and remaining useful life assessments (Level 3) inputs
Other infrastructure - Footpaths & Carp	3	All assets inspected with inventory and condition survey results applied to industry replacement costs unit rates.	Management Valuation	June 2018	Construction costs and current condition (Level 2), residual values and remaining useful life assessments (Level 3) inputs
Other infrastructure - Drainage	3	All assets inspected with inventory and condition survey results applied to industry replacement costs unit rates.	Management Valuation	June 2018	Construction costs and current condition (Level 2), residual values and remaining useful life assessments (Level 3) inputs
Other infrastructure - Parks & Ovals	3	Recurring and non-recurring fair value measurements based on physical inspection of assets capturing asset age, type and condition.	Management Valuation	June 2018	Construction costs and current condition (Level 2), residual values and remaining useful life assessments (Level 3) inputs
Other infrastructure - Airport	3	Recurring and non-recurring fair value measurements based on physical inspection of assets capturing asset age, type and condition.	Management Valuation	June 2018	Construction costs and current condition (Level 2), residual values and remaining useful life assessments (Level 3) inputs

Level 3 inputs are based on assumptions with regards to future values and patterns of consumption utilising current information. If the basis of these assumptions were varied, they have the potential to result in a significantly higher or lower fair value measurement.

During the period there were no changes in the valuation techniques used to determine the fair value of infrastructure using level 3 inputs.

### **10. FIXED ASSETS**

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Fixed assets

Each class of fixed assets within either plant and equipment or infrastructure, is carried at cost or fair value as indicated less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

# Initial recognition and measurement between mandatory revaluation dates

Assets for which the fair value as at the date of acquisition is under \$5,000 are not recognised as an asset in accordance with *Financial Management Regulation 17A (5). These assets are* expensed immediately

Where multiple individual low value assets are purchased together as part of a larger asset or collectively forming a larger asset exceeding the threshold, the individual assets are recognised as one asset and capitalised.

In relation to this initial measurement, cost is determined as the fair value of the assets given as consideration plus costs incidental to the acquisition. For assets acquired at zero cost or otherwise significantly less than fair value, cost is determined as fair value at the date of acquisition. The cost of non-current assets constructed by the Shire includes the cost of all materials used in construction, direct labour on the project and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overheads.

Individual assets that are land, buildings and infrastructure acquired between initial recognition and the next revaluation of the asset class in accordance with the mandatory measurement framework, are recognised at cost and disclosed as being at fair value as management believes cost approximates fair value. They are subject to subsequent revaluation at the next anniversary date in accordance with the mandatory measurement framework.

#### Revaluation

The fair value of land, buildings and infrastructure is determined at least every five years in accordance with the regulatory framework. This includes buildings and infrastructure items which were pre-existing improvements (i.e. vested improvements) on vested land acquired by the Shire.

At the end of each period the valuation is reviewed and where appropriate the fair value is updated to reflect current market conditions. This process is considered to be in accordance with Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 17A (2) which requires land, buildings, infrastructure and vested improvements to be shown at fair value.

Increases in the carrying amount arising on revaluation of assets are credited to a revaluation surplus in equity. Decreases that offset previous increases of the same class of asset are recognised against revaluation surplus directly in equity. All other decreases are recognised in profit or loss.

#### AUSTRALIAN ACCOUNTING STANDARDS - INCONSISTENCY Land under control prior to 1 July 2019

In accordance with the then Local Government (Financial Management) *Regulation 16(a)(ii)*, the Shire was previously required to include as an asset (by 30 June 2013), vested Crown Land operated by the local government as a golf course, showground, racecourse or other sporting or recreational facility of State or regional significance.

Upon initial recognition, these assets were recorded at cost in accordance with AASB 116. They were then classified as Land and revalued along with other land.

#### Land under roads prior to 1 July 2019

In Western Australia, most land under roads is Crown Land, the responsibility for managing which, is vested in the local government.

Effective as at 1 July 2008, Council elected not to recognise any value for land under roads acquired on or before 30 June 2008. This accords with the treatment available in Australian Accounting Standard AASB 1051 Land Under Roads and the then Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 16(a)(i) which arbitrarily *prohibited local governments from recognising such land as an asset.* This regulation has now been deleted.

In respect of land under roads acquired on or after 1 July 2008, as detailed above, the then Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 16(a)(i) prohibited local governments from recognising such land as an asset.

Whilst such treatment is inconsistent with the requirements of
AASB 1051, Local Government (Financial Management)
Regulation 4(2) provides, in the event of such an inconsistency,
the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations prevail.
Consequently, any land under roads acquired on or after 1 July
2008 was not included as an asset of the Shire.

#### Land under roads from 1 July 2019

As a result of amendments to the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996, effective from 1 July 2019, vested land, including land under roads, are treated as right-of-use assets measured at zero cost. Therefore, the previous inconsistency with AASB 1051 in respect of non-recognition of land under roads acquired on or after 1 July 2008 has been removed, even though measurement at zero cost means that land under roads is still not included in the statement of financial position.

The Shire has accounted for the removal of the vested land values associated with vested land previously recognised by removing the land value and associated revaluation reserve as at 1 July 2019. The comparatives have not been restated.

#### Vested improvements from 1 July 2019

The measurement of vested improvements at fair value in accordance with Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 17A(2)(iv) is a departure from AASB 16 which would have required the Shire to measure the vested improvements as part of the related right-of-use assets at zero cost.

#### **10. FIXED ASSETS**

#### (a) Disposals of Assets

	2020 Actual Net Book Value \$	2020 Actual Sale Proceeds \$	2020 Actual Profit \$	2020 Actual Loss	2020 Budget Net Book Value \$	2020 Budget Sale Proceeds \$	2020 Budget Profit \$	2020 Budget Loss \$	2019 Actual Net Book Value \$	2019 Actual Sale Proceeds \$	2019 Actual Profit \$	2019 Actual Loss \$
Land - freehold land	55,000	49,186		(5,814)								
Buildings	150,830	0	0	(150,830)								
Furniture and equipment	3,143	0		(3,143)								
Plant and equipment	77,879	68,719	14,007	(23,167)	125,620	116,900	20,280	(29,000)	129,454	135,318	8,549	(2,685)
	286,852	117,905	14,007	(182,954)	125,620	116,900	20,280	(29,000)	129,454	135,318	8,549	(2,685)

The following assets were disposed of during the year.

	2020	2020		
	Actual	Actual	2020	2020
	Net Book	Sale	Actual	Actual
Plant and Equipment	Value	Proceeds	Profit	Loss
Governance	\$	\$	\$	\$
P265 - Ford Everest (CEO)	16,519	28,364	11,844	0
Office Airconditioner - N'thampton	3,143		0	(3,143)
Education and welfare				
Aged Care Units Kalbarri	150,830	0	0	(150,830)
Community amenities				
Sale of Lot 82 Kitson Court - Northampton	55,000	49,186	0	(5,814)
Transport				
P244 - Ford Ranger 2.2 T/D (M'tce Cleaner)	7,555	227	0	(7,328)
P236 - Isuzu Dmax (Horrocks)	10,420	6,400	0	(4,020)
P204 - Dynapac Vibe Roller	25,337	27,500	2,163	0
P275 - Mitsubishi Triton (Lucky Bay)	10,481	5,500	0	(4,981)
P202 - Ford Ranger 2WD - Kal'b Tip	3,864	727	0	(3,137)
Metro Road Counter	534	0	0	(534)
Kalbarri - Toro Titan Mower ZX8420	1,267	0	0	(1,267)
Northampton - Toro Timecutter Mower	1,901	0	0	(1,901)
	286,851	117,904	14,007	(182,954)
	000 054	447.004	44.007	(400.054)

286,851 117,904 14,007 (182,954)

## **10. FIXED ASSETS**

(b) Depreciation	2020	2020	2019
	Actual	Budget	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Buildings	408,963	400,000	399,298
Furniture and equipment	15,447	19,300	13,143
Plant and equipment	462,241	440,000	425,857
Infrastructure - Roads	1,048,963	1,005,000	1,003,795
Other infrastructure - Footpaths & Carparks	55,336	45,000	46,407
Other infrastructure - Drainage	71,328	70,000	71,328
Other infrastructure - Parks & Ovals	133,910	130,000	130,020
Other infrastructure - Airport	42,285	40,000	42,285
	2,238,473	2,149,300	2,132,133

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets including buildings but excluding freehold land and vested land, are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the individual asset's useful life from the time the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the improvements.

The assets residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains and losses are included in the statement of comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

#### **Depreciation rates**

Typical estimated useful lives for the different asset classes for the current and prior years are included in the table below:

Asset Class	Useful life
Buildings	30 to 50 years
Furniture & Equipment	4 to 10 years
Plant & Equipment	5 to 15 years
Road Formation	lot Depreciated
Road Pavement	40 - 50 years
Bituminous Seal	20 -30 years
Asphalt Seal	20 - 30 Years
Gravel Road Formation	lot Depreciated
Gravel Road Pavement	40 - 50 Years
Gravel Sheet	10 - 20 Years
Formed Roads Pavement	40 - 50 Years
Footpaths	40 - 50 Years
Drainage	50 - 75 Years
Parks and Ovals	40 - 50 Years
Airport	40 - 50 Years
Water Supply Piping and Drainage	50 - 75 Years
Right of use (buildings)	N/A
Right of use (plant and equipment)	N/A
Intangible assets - computer software licence	N/A

#### Depreciation on revaluation

When an item of property, plant and equipment is revalued, any accumulated depreciation at the date of the revaluation is treated in one of the following ways:

- (a) The gross carrying amount is adjusted in a manner that is consistent with the revaluation of the carrying amount of the asset. For example, the gross carrying amount may be restated by reference to observable market data or it may be restated proportionately to the change in the carrying amount. The accumulated depreciation at the date of the revaluation is adjusted to equal the difference between the gross carrying amount and the carrying amount of the asset after taking into account accumulated impairment losses; or
- (b) Eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset and the net amount restated to the revalued amount of the asset.

#### **11. REVALUATION SURPLUS**

	2020	2020	2020	2020	Total	2020	2019	2019	2019	Total	2019
	Opening	Change in	Revaluation	Revaluation	Movement on	Closing	Opening	Revaluation	Revaluation	Movement on	Closing
	Balance	Accounting Policy	Increment	(Decrement)	Revaluation	Balance	Balance	Increment	(Decrement)	Revaluation	Balance
	\$		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revaluation surplus - Land - vested in and under the control of Council	1,850,000	(1,850,000)	0		0	0	1,850,000	0	0	0	1,850,000
Revaluation surplus -Land & Buildings	11,032,201		0	0	0	11,032,201	11,032,201	0	0	0	11,032,201
Revaluation surplus - Infrastructure - Roads	21,121,451		0	0	0	21,121,451	21,121,451	0	0	0	21,121,451
Revaluation surplus - Other infrastructure - Footpaths & Carparks	774,377		0	0	0	774,377	774,377	0	0	0	774,377
Revaluation surplus - Other infrastructure - Drainage	5,673,060		0	0	0	5,673,060	5,673,060	0	0	0	5,673,060
Revaluation surplus - Other infrastructure - Parks & Ovals	812,189		0	0	0	812,189	812,189	0	0	0	812,189
Revaluation surplus - Other infrastructure - Airport	1,206,039		0	0	0	1,206,039	1,206,039	0	0	0	1,206,039
	42,469,317	(1,850,000)	0	0	0	40,619,317	42,469,317	0	0	0	42,469,317

Movements on revaluation of property, plant and equipment (including infrastructure) are not able to be reliably attributed to a program as the assets were revalued by class as provided for by AASB 116 Aus 40.1.

## **12. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES**

		\$ 476,241 48,546 18,755 18,007 25,635 146,267
	\$	\$
Current		
Sundry creditors	265,317	476,241
Prepaid rates	59,152	48,546
Accrued salaries and wages	78,130	18,755
Bonds and deposits held	30,561	18,007
Accrued Expenditure	34,193	25,635
Revenue Received in Advance	0	146,267
Accrued Interest on Long term Borrowings	9,929	9,921
	477,282	743,372

## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Shire prior to the end of the financial year that are unpaid and arise when the Shire becomes obliged to make future payments in respect of the purchase of these goods and services. The amounts are unsecured, are recognised as a

current liability and are normally paid within 30 days of recognition

#### **Prepaid rates**

2020

Prepaid rates are, until the taxable event has occurred (start of the next financial year), refundable at the request of the ratepayer. Rates received in advance are initially recognised as a financial liability. When the taxable event occurs, the financial liability is extinguished and the Shire recognises revenue for the prepaid rates that have not been refunded.

2019

# **13. CONTRACT LIABILITIES**

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Current		
Contract liabilities from contracts with customers	88,223	0
	88,223	0
Performance obligations from contracts with customers		
are expected to be recognised as revenue in accordance with the following time bands:		
Less than 1 year	88,223	
1 to 2 years	0	
2 to 3 years	0	
3 to 4 years	0	
4 to 5 years	0	
> 5 years	0	

88.223

## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

**Contract Liabilities** 

Contract liabilities represent the the Shire's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Shire has received consideration from the customer.

With respect to transfers for recognisable non-financial assets, contract liabilities represent performance obligations which are not yet satisfied.

Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the performance obligations in the contract are satisfied.

#### **14. INFORMATION ON BORROWINGS**

(a) Borrowings	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Current	190,417	157,324
Non-current	1,578,677	1,429,095
	1,769,094	1,586,419

#### (b) Repayments - Borrowings

				3	0 June 2020	30 June 2020	30 June 2020	30 June 2020		30 June 2020	30 June 2020	30 June 2020	30 June 2020	:	30 June 2019	30 June 2019	30 June 2019	30 June 2019
				Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual
	Loan		Interest	Principal	New	Principal	Interest	Principal	Principal	New	Principal	Interest	Principal	Principal	New	Principal	Interest	Principal
	Numbe	r Institution	Rate	1 July 2019	Loans	repayments	repayments	outstanding	1 July 2019	Loans	repayments	repayments	outstanding	1 July 2018	Loans	repayments	repayments	outstanding
Particulars				\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Housing																		
Staff Housing	154	WATC	3.27%	223,447		34,288	8,397	189,159	223,447		34,288	8,497	189,159	256,641		33,194	8,844	223,447
Recreation and culture																		
Kalbarri Library Ext	148A	WATC	4.09%	0				0	0		0	0	0	26,733		26,733		0
RSL Hall Extensions	156	WATC	2.06%	500,000		45,516	13,431	454,484	500,000		45,516	10,771	454,484	0	500,000	0	717	500,000
Transport																		
Plant Purchases	153	WATC	5.02%	174,814		41,130	7,464	133,684	174,814		41,130	7,716		214,339		39,525		174,814
Plant Purchases	149	WATC	7.26%	0			0	0	0	365,000	0	0	365,000	0		0	(365)	0
Plant Purchases	157	WATC		0	340,000		1,130	340,000					0					0
				898,261	340,000	120,934	30,422	1,117,327	898,261	365,000	120,934	26,984	1,142,327	497,713	500,000	99,452	13,335	898,261
Self Supporting Loans																		
Education and welfare			0.050									17 100						
Pioneer Lodge	155	WATC	3.95%	372,568	0	14,543	16,920	358,025	372,568	0	14,542	17,126	358,026	386,552	0	13,984	11,634	372,568
Recreation and culture			=														070	
Kalbarri Bowling Club	151	WATC	5.92%	3,838	0	3,838	184	0	3,838	0	3,839	202	(1)	7,459	0	3,621	373	3,838
Other property and services	152	NAB	5.049/	044 750		10.010	00 504	000 740	044 750		40.040	00 505	000 740	000.044	0	47.400	04.040	044 750
CEO House Loan	152	NAB	5.24%	311,752	0	18,010	20,564	293,742	311,752	0	18,010			328,941	-			311,752
				688,158	0	36,391	37,668	651,767	688,158	0	36,391	37,893	651,767	722,952	0	34,794	33,655	688,158
				1,586,419	340,000	157,325	68,090	1,769,094	1,586,419	365,000	157,325	64,877	1,794,094	1,220,665	500,000	134,246	46,990	1,586,419

\* WA Treasury Corporation

Self supporting loans are financed by payments from third parties. These are shown in Note 5 as other financial assets at amortised cost. All other loan repayments were financed by general purpose revenue.

#### 14. INFORMATION ON BORROWINGS (Continued)

	2020	2019
(c) Undrawn Borrowing Facilities	\$	\$
Credit Standby Arrangements		
Bank overdraft limit		
Bank overdraft at balance date		
Credit card limit	10,000	10,000
Credit card balance at balance date	(798)	(1,852)
Total amount of credit unused	9,202	8,148
Loan facilities		
Loan facilities - current	190,417	157,324
Loan facilities - non-current	1,578,677	1,429,095
Total facilities in use at balance date	1,769,094	1,586,419
Unused loan facilities at balance date	0	412,100

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised at fair value when the Shire becomes a party to the contractual provisions to the instrument.

Non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding financial guarantees) are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are derecognised where the related obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the fair value of the consideration paid, including the transfer of non-cash assets or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

#### Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense when incurred except where they are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset. Where this is the case, they are capitalised as part of the cost of the particular asset until such time as the asset is substantially ready for its intended use or sale.

#### Risk

Information regarding exposure to risk can be found at Note 24.

# **15. EMPLOYEE RELATED PROVISIONS**

	Provision for Annual	Provision for Long Service	
	Leave	Leave	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Opening balance at 1 July 2019			
Current provisions	273,210	461,948	735,158
Non-current provisions		48,350	48,350
	273,210	510,298	783,508
Additional provision	22,839	45,408	68,247
Balance at 30 June 2020	296,049	555,706	851,755
Comprises			
Current	296,049	491,060	787,109
Non-current	0	64,646	64,646
	296,049	555,706	851,755
	0000		
American and an end of the south of an the following herein.	2020	2019	
Amounts are expected to be settled on the following basis:	>	\$	
Less than 12 months after the reporting date	787,109		
More than 12 months from reporting date	54,279		
Expected reimbursements from other WA local governments	10,367		
	851,755	783,508	

Timing of the payment of current leave liabilities is difficult to determine as it is dependent on future decisions of employees. Expected settlement timings are based on information obtained from employees and historical leave trends and assumes no events will occur to impact on these historical trends.

## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Employee benefits**

#### Short-term employee benefits

Provision is made for the Shire's obligations for short-term employee benefits. Short-term employee benefits are benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service, including wages, salaries and sick leave. Short-term employee benefits are measured at the (undiscounted) amounts expected to be paid when the obligation is settled.

The Shire's obligations for short-term employee benefits such as wages, salaries and sick leave are recognised as a part of current trade and other payables in the statement of financial position.

#### Other long-term employee benefits

The Shire's obligations for employees' annual leave and long service leave entitlements are recognised as provisions in the statement of financial position.

Long-term employee benefits are measured at the present value of the expected future payments to be made to employees. Expected future payments incorporate anticipated future wage and salary levels, durations of service and employee departures and are discounted at rates determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have maturity dates that approximate the terms of the obligations. **Other long-term employee benefits (Continued)** Any remeasurements for changes in assumptions of obligations for other long-term employee benefits are recognised in profit or loss in the periods in which the changes occur.

The Shire's obligations for long-term employee benefits are presented as non-current provisions in its statement of financial position, except where the Shire does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period, in which case the obligations are presented as current provisions.

#### Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Shire has a present legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured.

Provisions are measured using the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period.

# **16. NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

#### **Reconciliation of Cash**

For the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash includes cash and cash equivalents, net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Cash at the end of the reporting period is reconciled to the related items in the Statement of Financial Position as follows:

	2020 Actual	2020 Budget	2019 Actual \$
	Ť	Ŷ	•
Cash and cash equivalents	2,788,706	1,264,071	2,898,521
Reconciliation of Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities to Net Result			
Net result	986,158	399,608	1,440,641
Non-cash flows in Net result:			
Depreciation on non-current assets	2,238,473	2,149,300	2,132,133
(Profit)/loss on sale of asset	168,947	8,720	(5,864)
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
(Increase)/decrease in receivables	21,528	0	20,674
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	(1,491)	0	3,755
Increase/(decrease) in payables	(266,090)	0	(290,089)
Increase/(decrease) in provisions	68,247	0	(25,704)
Increase/(decrease) in accrued income	14,558		
Increase/(decrease) in contract liabilities	88,223		
Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions	(1,519,153)	(1,500,386)	(1,559,037)
Net cash from operating activities	1,799,400	1,057,242	1,716,509

# **17. TOTAL ASSETS CLASSIFIED BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY**

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Governance	822,991	828,521
General purpose funding	412,972	410,759
Law, order, public safety	859,581	894,937
Health	614,558	638,900
Education and welfare	534,684	714,426
Housing	1,975,879	2,007,954
Community amenities	2,708,708	2,701,079
Recreation and culture	22,359,575	21,480,970
Transport	92,794,874	92,258,371
Economic services	1,392,888	1,334,562
Other property and services	528,506	547,932
Unallocated	4,163,173	6,140,765
	129,168,389	129,959,176

# **18. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

The Shire of Northampton has identified the following sites , in relation to land owned, vested or leased, that is known to be, or suspected of being contaminated. At the date of this report the value and timing of remediation has not been ascertained.

<u>Current Landfill Sites</u> Crown Reserve 25328 Northampton - Lot 10603 on Plan 168471 and Lot 300 on Plan 50239. Crown Reserve 48527, Kalbarri - Lot 12927 on Plan 41490. Crown Reserve Lot 210, Port Gregory Road Crown Reserve 49086 Lot 501, Binnu <u>Shire Depots</u> Old Northampton Works Depot - 57 / Lot 14 Stephen Street, Northampton Kalbarri Works Depot - 141 / Lot 558 & 1009 Porter Street, Kalbarri

19. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS	2020	2019
Capital Expenditure Commitments	\$	\$
Contracted for:	0	610,100
- capital expenditure projects	<u>221,540</u>	0
- plant & equipment purchases	221,540	610,100
Payable:	221,540	610,000
- not later than one year	0	0
- later than one year but not later than five years	0	<u>0</u>
- later than five years	221,540	610,000

# **20. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

## **Elected Members Remuneration**

	2020	2020	2019
The following fees, expenses and allowances were	Actual	Budget	Actual
paid to council members and/or the President.	\$	\$	\$
Meeting fees	30,400	29,350	22,800
President's allowance	14,000	14,000	12,000
Deputy President's allowance	3,500	3,500	2,500
Travelling expenses	23,698	10,000	19,644
Telecommunications allowance	4,500	4,500	4,500
	76,098	61,350	61,444

## Key Management Personnel (KMP) Compensation Disclosure

	2020	2019
The total of remuneration paid to KMP of the	Actual	Actual
Shire during the year are as follows:	\$	\$
Short-term employee benefits	603,959	615,538
Post-employment benefits	73,241	81,396
Other long-term benefits	13,364	26,916
	690,564	723,850

#### Short-term employee benefits

These amounts include all salary, fringe benefits and cash bonuses awarded to KMP except for details in respect to fees and benefits paid to elected members which may be found above.

#### Post-employment benefits

These amounts are the current-year's estimated cost of providing for the Shire's superannuation contributions made during the year.

Other long-term benefits These amounts represent long service benefits accruing during the year.

# 20. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

## **Transactions with related parties**

Transactions between related parties and the Shire are on normal commercial terms and conditions, no more favourable than those available to other parties, unless otherwise stated.

	2020	2019
The following transactions occurred with related parties:	Actual	Actual
Purchase of goods and services	<b>6</b> 9,694	<b>5</b> 65,964
Amounts outstanding from related parties: Loans to key management personnel	293,742	311,752
Amounts payable to related parties: Trade and other payables	6,147	0

## **Related Parties**

#### The Shire's main related parties are as follows:

#### i. Key management personnel

Any person(s) having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly, including any elected member, are considered key management personnel.

ii. Other Related Parties

The associate person of KMP was employed by the Shire under normal employement terms and conditions.

#### iii. Entities subject to significant influence by the Shire

An entity that has the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of an entity, but does not have control over those policies, is an entity which holds significant influence. Significant influence may be gained by share ownership, statute or agreement.

# **21. JOINT ARRANGEMENTS**

Complex emount of investment in appealate	<u>2020</u> \$	<u>2019</u> \$
Carrying amount of investment in associate		
The joint venture with the Department of Housing for the provision of aged care units in Kalbarri ceased during 2019/2020 and the assets values comprising 11 two bedroom units which the Shire had an equity of 11.3% which was written off in 2019/2020. A Deed of Termination and Release was enacted on 28th October 2019 to cease the joint venture arrangement and transfer ownership of the aged care units to Community Housing Ltd.		
Non-Current assets		
Land & Building Less: Accumulated Depreciation	0	157,070 (5,340)
Total assets	0	151,730
Carrying amount at beginning of period	151,730	154,400
- Write-off of share in joint venture during the period	(150,830)	0
- Less share of depreciation of assets during the period	(900)	(2,670)
Carrying amount at end of period	0	151,730

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Interests in joint arrangements

Joint arrangements represent the contractual sharing of control between parties in a business venture where unanimous decisions about relevant activities are required.

Separate joint arrangements providing joint ventures with an interest to net assets are classified as a joint venture and accounted for using the equity method. The equity method of accounting, whereby the investment is initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter for the post-acquisition change in the Shire's share of net assets of the associate. In addition, the Shire's profit or loss.

Interests in joint arrangements (Continued) Joint operations represent arrangements whereby joint operators maintain direct interests in each asset and exposure to each liability of the arrangement. The Shire's interests in the assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses of joint operations are included in the respective line items of the financial statements.

#### 22. RATING INFORMATION

(a) Rates

RATE TYPE	Rate in	Number of	2019/20 Actual Rateable	2019/20 Actual Rate	2019/20 Actual Interim	2019/20 Actual Back	2019/20 Actual Total	2019/20 Budget Rate	2019/20 Budget Interim	2019/20 Budget Back	2019/20 Budget Total	2018/19 Actual Total
Differential general rate / general rate	\$	Properties	Value	Revenue	Rates	Rates	Revenue	Revenue	Rate	Rate	Revenue	Revenue
Gross rental valuations General GRV	0.079912	2 1,557	<b>\$</b> 21,291,108	<b>\$</b> 1,701,415	\$	\$	\$ 1,701,415	<b>\$</b> 1,688,420	\$	\$	<b>\$</b> 1,688,420	<b>\$</b> 1,632,394
Unimproved valuations General UV	0.0126		186,816,574	2,355,757			2,355,757	2,355,757			2,355,757	2,344,222
Sub-Total Minimum payment	Minimun S		208,107,682	4,057,172	0	0	4,057,172	4,044,177	0	0	4,044,177	3,976,616
Gross rental valuations General GRV Unimproved valuations	565	,	1,688,420	570,650	6,013		576,663	577,995			577,995	565,950
General UV Sub-Total	565	5 <u>61</u> 1,071	2,733,148 4,421,568	34,465 605,115	6,013	1,237 1,237	35,702 612,365	40,115 618,110	0	0	<u>40,115</u> 618,110	<u>24,750</u> 590,700
Sub-rotal		1,071	4,421,500	005,115	0,013	1,237	012,303	010,110	0	0	010,110	590,700
Total amount raised from general rate Concessions (Note 22(c)) Specified Area Rate (Note 22(b)) Totals		3,066	212,529,250	4,662,287	6,013	1,237	4,669,537 4,669,537 (1,941) 41,543 4,709,139	4,662,287	0	0	4,662,287 4,662,287 0 41,260 4,703,547	4,567,316 4,567,316 (33,153) 40,267 4,574,430

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Rates

Control over assets acquired from rates is obtained at the commencement of the rating period.

Prepaid rates are, until the taxable event has occurred (start of the next financial year), refundable at the request of the ratepayer. Rates received in advance are initially recognised as a financial liability. When the taxable event occurs, the financial liability is extinguished and the Shire recognises revenue for the prepaid rates that have not been refunded.

## 22. RATING INFORMATION (Continued)

(b) Specified Area Rate					2019/20	2019/20	2019/20 Total	2019/20	2019/20	2019/20	2019/20	2018/19
	Basis	Rate	2019/20	2019/20	Interim	Back	Specified Area	Budget	Budget	Budget	Total	Total
	of	in	Rateable	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Back Rate	Interim Rate	Budget	Actual
Specified Area Rate	Valuation	\$	Value	Revenue	Revenue	Revenue	Revenue	Revenue	Revenue	Revenue	Revenue	Revenue
			\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Port Gregory WS	GRV	0.001733	17,324,563	11,217	0	0	11,217	11,260	0	0	11,260	10,612
Kalbarri Tourism	GRV	0.019819	568,148	30,246	80	0	30,326	30,000	0	0	30,000	29,655
			17,892,711	41,463	80	0	41,543	41,260	0	0	41,260	40,267
					2019/20	2019/20	2019/20	2019/20	2019/20	2019/20		
					Actual	Actual	Actual	Budget	Budget	Budget		
					Rate	Rate	Reserve	Rate	Rate	Reserve		
			Area/propert	ies	Applied	Set Aside	Applied to	Applied	Set Aside	Applied		
Specified Area Rate	Purpose of th	ne rate	<b>Rate Impose</b>	d	to Costs	to Reserve	Costs	to Costs	to Reserve	to Costs		
					\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Port Gregory WS	Revenue to co	over operational costs	Port Gregory	Properties	11,217	0	0	11,260	0	0		
Kalbarri Tourism	Revenue to co	over advertising costs	Kalbarri Prope	erties	30,326	0	0	30,000	0	0		
		Ū			41,543	0	0	41,260	0	0		

#### 22. RATING INFORMATION (Continued)

#### (c) Discounts, Incentives, Concessions, & Write-offs Waivers or Concessions

Rate or Fee and

Charge to which

the Waiver or Concession is Granted	Туре	Discount	Discount	2020 Actual	2020 Budget	2019 Actual
		%	\$	\$	\$	\$
Write-Offs	Rates			1,941	0	0
Waiver	Legal Fees			0	0	33,153
	-			1,941	0	33,153
Total discounts/concessions (Note 22(a))				1,941	0	33,153

# 22. RATING INFORMATION (Continued)

# (d) Interest Charges & Instalments

Instalment Options	Date Due	Instalment Plan Admin Charge	Instalment Plan Interest Rate	Unpaid Rates Interest Rate	
		\$	%	%	
Option Two					
First instalment	04-10-19	5.00	5.0%	10.0%	
Second instalment	06-12-19	5.00	5.0%	10.0%	
Option Three					
First instalment	04-10-19	5.00	5.0%	10.0%	
Second instalment	06-12-19	5.00	5.0%	10.0%	
Third instalment	07-02-20	5.00	5.0%	10.0%	
Fourth instalment	03-04-20	5.00	5.0%	10.0%	
		2020	2020	2019	
		Actual	Budget	Actual	
		\$	\$	\$	
Interest on unpaid rates		20,030	31,450	29,913	
Interest on instalment plan		19,620	20,000	23,206	
		39,650	51,450	53,119	

#### 23. RATE SETTING STATEMENT INFORMATION

23. RATE SETTING STATEMENT INFORMATION					
			2019/20		
		2019/20	Budget	2019/20	2018/19
		(30 June 2020	(30 June 2020	(1 July 2019	(30 June 2019
		Carried	Carried	Brought	Carried
	Note	Forward)	Forward)	Forward)	Forward
		\$	\$	\$	\$
(a) Non-cash amounts excluded from operating activities					
The following non-cash revenue or expenditure has been excluded					
from amounts attributable to operating activities within the Rate Setting					
Statement in accordance with <i>Financial Management Regulation 32.</i>					
Adjustments to operating activities					
Less: Profit on asset disposals	10(a)	(14,007)	(20,280)	(8,549)	(8,549)
Less: Movement in liabilities associated with restricted cash	. ,	Ó	(116,900)	Ó	Ó
Less: Fair value adjustments to financial assets at fair value through profit					
and loss		0	0	(70,068)	(70,068)
Movement in pensioner deferred rates (non-current)		(11,266)	0	(7,483)	(7,483)
Movement in employee benefit provisions (non-current)		16,296	0	(2,901)	(2,901)
Add: Loss on disposal of assets	10(a)	182,954	29,000	2,685	2,685
Add: Depreciation on non-current assets	10(b)	2,238,473	2,149,300	2,132,133	2,132,133
Non cash amounts excluded from operating activities		2,412,450	2,041,120	2,045,817	2,045,817
(b) Surplus/(deficit) after imposition of general rates					
The following current assets and liabilities have been excluded					
from the net current assets used in the Rate Setting Statement					
in accordance with Financial Management Regulation 32 to					
agree to the surplus/(deficit) after imposition of general rates.					
Adjustments to net current assets					
Less: Reserves - cash/financial asset backed	4	(965,039)	(927,635)	(926,128)	(926,128)
Less: Financial assets at amortised cost - self supporting loans	5(a)	(36,391)	0	(34,794)	(34,794)
Less: Current assets not expected to be received at end of year	_	(005.000)	(005 000)	(005 000)	(005.000)
- Land held for resale	7	(235,000)	(235,000)	(235,000)	(235,000)
- Accruals		0	(125,162)	0	0
Add: Current liabilities not expected to be cleared at end of year - Current portion of borrowings	11(0)	190,417	157,324	157 224	157 204
	14(a)	757,961		157,324 757,961	157,324 757,961
- Employee benefit provisions Total adjustments to net current assets		(288,052)	757,961 (372,512)	(280,637)	(280,637)
Net current assets used in the Rate Setting Statement					
Total current assets		3,542,336	1,953,493	3,680,362	3,680,362
Less: Total current liabilities		(1,543,031)	(1,580,981)	(1,635,854)	(1,635,854)
Less: Total adjustments to net current assets		(288,052)	(372,512)	(280,637)	(280,637)
Net current assets used in the Rate Setting Statement		1,711,253	0	1,763,871	1,763,871
		, , ,		,,	, , -

# 24. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

This note explains the Shire's exposure to financial risks and how these risks could affect the Shire's future financial performance.

Risk Market risk - interest rate	Exposure arising from Long term borrowings at variable rates	Measurement Sensitivity analysis	Management Utilise fixed interest rate borrowings
Credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, financial assets and	Aging analysis Credit analysis	Diversification of bank deposits, credit limits. Investment policy
Liquidity risk	Borrowings and other liabilities	Rolling cash flow forecasts	Availability of committed credit lines and borrowing facilities

### (a) Interest rate risk

### Cash and cash equivalents

Excess cash and cash equivalents are invested in fixed interest rate term deposits which do not expose the Shire to cash flow interest rate risk. Cash and cash equivalents required for working capital are held in variable interest rate accounts and non-interest bearing accounts. Carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents at the 30 June and the weighted average interest rate across all cash and cash equivalents and term deposits held disclosed as financial assets at amortised cost are reflected in the table below.

	Weighted Average Interest Rate %	Carrying Amounts \$	Fixed Interest Rate \$	Variable Interest Rate \$	Non Interest Bearing \$
2020 Cash and cash equivalents Financial assets at amortised cost - term deposits	0.79% 1.02%	2,788,706	965,039	1,823,667	0
2019 Cash and cash equivalents	1.14%	2,898,521	1,072,396	1,826,125	0

### Sensitivity

Impact of a 1% movement in interest rates on profit and loss and equity\* \* Holding all other variables constant

## Borrowings

Borrowings are subject to interest rate risk - the risk that movements in interest rates could adversely affect funding costs. The Shire manages this risk by borrowing long term and fixing the interest rate to the situation considered the most advantageous at the time of negotiation. The Shire does not consider there to be any interest rate risk in relation to borrowings. Details of interest rates applicable to each borrowing may be found at Note 14(b).

18,236

18,261

## SHIRE OF NORTHAMPTON NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020 24. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

### (b) Credit risk

### Trade and Other Receivables

The level of outstanding receivables is reported to Council monthly and benchmarks are set and monitored for acceptable collection performance.

The Shire applies the AASB 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses using a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, rates receivable are separated from other trade receivables due to the difference in payment terms and security for rates receivable.

The expected loss rates are based on the payment profiles of rates and fees and charges over a period of 36 months before 1 July 2019 or 1 July 2020 respectively and the corresponding historical losses experienced within this period. Historical credit loss rates are adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors

	Current	More than 1 year past due	More than 2 years past due	More than 3 years past due	Total
30 June 2020					
Rates receivable					
Expected credit loss	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Gross carrying amount	76,730	84,569	43,728	65,138	270,165
30 June 2019					
Rates receivable					
Expected credit loss	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Gross carrying amount	156,201	70,191	47,289	26,699	300,380

The loss allowance as at 30 June 2020 and 30 June 2019 was determined as follows for trade receivables.

	Current	More than 30 days past due	More than 60 days past due	More than 90 days past due	Total
30 June 2020					
Trade and other receivables					
Expected credit loss	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Gross carrying amount	43,275	32,115	1,076	7,664	84,131
30 June 2019					
Trade and other receivables					
Expected credit loss	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Gross carrying amount	101,541	1,260	370	5,688	108,859

# 24. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

# (c) Liquidity risk

## **Payables and borrowings**

The contractual undiscounted cash flows of the Shire's payables and borrowings are set out in the liquidity table below. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances, as the impact of discounting is not significant.

<u>2020</u>	Due within 1 year \$	Due between <u>1 &amp; 5 years</u> \$	Due after 5 years \$	Total contractual cash flows \$	Carrying values \$
Payables Borrowings	477,282 0 477,282	0 355,495 355,495	0 1,776,666 1,776,666	477,282 2,132,161 2,609,443	477,282 1,769,094 2,246,376
<u>2019</u>					
Payables Borrowings	743,372 4,041 747,413	0 <u>193,711</u> 193,711	0 1,764,234 1,764,234	743,372 1,961,986 2,705,358	743,372 1,586,419 2,329,791

### 25. INITIAL APPLICATION OF AUSTRALIAN ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

During the current year, the Shire adopted all of the new and revised Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations which were compiled, became mandatory and which were applicable to its operations.

### (a) AASB 15: Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The Shire adopted AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (issued December 2014) on 1 July 2019 resulting in changes in accounting policies. In accordance with the transition provisions AASB 15, the Shire adopted the new rules retrospectively with the cumulative effect of initially applying these rules recognised on 1 July 2019. In summary the following adjustments were made to the amounts recognised in the statement of financial position at the date of initial application (1 July 2019):

	AASB 118 carrying amount Note 30 June 2019 Reclassification		AASB 15 carrying amount 01 July 2019	
Contract liabilities - current	Note	\$	\$	\$
Contract liabilities from contracts and customers	13	(	) (148,431)	(148,431)
Adjustment to retained surplus from adoption of AASB 15	26(b)	(	) (148,431)	(148,431)

### (b) AASB 1058: Income For Not-For-Profit Entities

The Shire adopted AASB 1058 Income for Not-for-Profit Entities (issued December 2016) on 1 July 2019 which will result in changes in accounting policies. In accordance with the transition provisions AASB 1058, the Shire adopted the new rules retrospectively with the cumulative effect of initially applying AASB 1058 recognised at 1 July 2019. Comparative information for prior reporting periods was not restated in accordance with AASB 1058 transition requirements.

Prepaid rates are, until the taxable event for the rates has occurred, refundable at the request of the ratepayer. Therefore the rates received in advance gave rise to a financial liability that is within the scope of AASB 9. On 1 July 2019 the prepaid rates were recognised as a financial asset and a related amount recognised as a financial liability and no income recognised by the Shire. When the taxable event occurred, the financial liability was extinguished and the Shire recognised income for the prepaid rates that have not been refunded.

Assets that were acquired for consideration, that were significantly less than fair value principally to enable the Shire to further its objectives, may have been measured on initial recognition under other Australian Accounting Standards at a cost that was significantly less than fair value. Such assets are not required to be remeasured at fair value.

# 25. INITIAL APPLICATION OF AUSTRALIAN ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (Continued)

The table below provides details of the amount by which each financial statement line item is affected in the current reporting period by the application of this Standard as compared to AASB 118 and 1004 and related Interpretations that were in effect before the change.

		2020 \$		2020 \$
Statement of Comprehensive Income	Note	As reported under AASB 15 and AASB 1058	Adjustment due to application of AASB 15 and AASB 1058	Compared to AASB 118 and AASB 1004
Revenue				
Rates	22(a)	4,709,139	59,152	4,768,291
Operating grants, subsidies and contributions	2(a)	2,690,764	88,223	2,778,987
Fees and charges	2(a)	1,258,415	0	1,258,415
Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions	2(a)	1,519,153	0	1,519,153
Net result		0	147,375	147,375
Statement of Financial Position				
Trade and other payables	12	477,282	(59,152)	418,130
Contract liabilities	13	88,223	(88,223)	0
Net assets		125,982,035	147,375	126,129,410
Statement of Changes in Equity				
Net result		986,158	147,375	1,133,533
Retained surplus		84,397,679	147,375	84,545,054

Refer to Note 2(a) for new revenue recognition accounting policies as a result of the application of AASB 15 and AASB 1058.

### 26. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (a) Change in Accounting Policies due to regulation changes

Effective 6 November 2020, *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation* 16 was deleted and *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation* 17A was amended with retrospective application. The changes were effective for financial years ending on or after 30 June 2020 so are required to be applied retrospectively with cumulative effect applied initially on 1 July 2019.

In accordance with the changes, the Shire was required to remove the values attributable to certain crown land assets previously required to be recognised, as well as the associated revaluation surplus at 1 July 2019. These assets have been measured as concessionary lease right-of-use assets at zero cost in accordance with AASB 16. For further details relating to these changes, refer to Note 11.

In summary the following adjustments were made to the amounts recognised in the statement of financial position at the date of initial application (1 July 2019):

	Carrying amount Note 30 June 2019 Reclassification			Carrying amount
				01 July 2019
		\$	\$	\$
Property, plant and equipment	8	30,357,005	(1,850,000)	28,507,005
Revaluation surplus	11	42,469,317	(1,850,000)	40,619,317

Also, following changes to *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 17A*, plant and equipment type assets (being plant and equipment and furniture and equipment) are to be measured under the cost model, rather than at fair value. This change is effective from 1 July 2019 and represents a change in accounting policy. Revaluations carried out previously or during the year were not reversed as it was deemed fair value approximates cost at the date of the change.

### (b) Changes in equity due to change in accounting policies

The impact on the City's opening retained surplus due to the adoption of AASB 15 and AASB 1058 as at 1 July 2019 was as follows:

	Note	Adjustments	2019
			\$
Retained surplus - 30 June 2019			83,450,432
Adjustment to retained surplus from adoption of AASB 15	25(a)	(148,431)	(148,431)
Adjustment to retained surplus from adoption of AASB 1058	25(b)	0	0
Retained surplus - 1 July 2019			83,302,001

The impact on the Shires opening revaluation surplus resulting from Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 16 being deleted and the amendments to Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 17A as at 1 July 2019 was as follows:

	Note	Adjustments	2019
			\$
Revaluation surplus - 30 June 2019			42,469,317
Adjustment to revaluation surplus from deletion of FM Reg 16	26(a)	(1,850,000)	(1,850,000)
Revaulation surplus - 1 July 2019			40,619,317

# **27. BONDS AND DEPOSITS**

Funds held at balance date which are required to be held in trust and which are not included in the financial statements are as follows:

	1 July 2019	<b>Amounts Received</b>	<b>Amounts Paid</b>	30 June 2020
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Building Levies (BCITF & BRB)	183	31,212	(31,212)	183
Community Bus Bond	4,800	2,000	(2,200)	4,600
Unclaimed Monies	4,045	3,036	(3,036)	4,045
Council Housing Bonds	0	1,400	(1,400)	0
RSL Hall Key Bond	420	690	(880)	230
Special Series Plates	770	1,240	(2,010)	0
Northampton Child Care Association	22,235	16,547	(22,235)	16,547
Horrocks Memorial Wall	0	1,000	(1,000)	0
One Life	1,939	0	(500)	1,439
Rubbish Tip Key Bond	1,400	400	-	1,800
Horrocks - Skatepark	1,050	0	-	1,050
RSL - Kalbarri Memorial	0	19,342	(2,016)	17,326
DOT - Department of Transport	0	48,730	(48,730)	0
	36,842	125,597	(115,219)	47,220

### 28. OTHER SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### a) Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included with receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are presented as operating cash flows.

#### b) Current and non-current classification

The asset or liability is classified as current if it is expected to be settled within the next 12 months, being the Shire's operational cycle. In the case of liabilities where the Shire does not have the unconditional right to defer settlement beyond 12 months, such as vested long service leave, the liability is classified as current even if not expected to be settled within the next 12 months. Inventories held for trading are classified as current or non-current based on the Shire's intentions to release for sale.

#### c) Rounding off figures

All figures shown in this annual financial report, other than a rate in the dollar, are rounded to the nearest dollar. Amounts are presented in Australian Dollars.

#### d) Comparative figures

Where required, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation for the current financial year.

When the Shire applies an accounting policy retrospectively, makes a retrospective restatement or reclassifies items in its financial statements that has a material effect on the statement of financial position, an additional (third) statement of financial position as at the beginning of the preceding period in addition to the minimum comparative financial statements is presented.

#### e) Budget comparative figures

Unless otherwise stated, the budget comparative figures shown in this annual financial report relate to the original budget estimate for the relevant item of disclosure.

### f) Superannuation

The Shire contributes to a number of Superannuation Funds on behalf of employees. All funds to which the Shire contributes are defined contribution plans.

### g) Fair value of assets and liabilities

Fair value is the price that the Shire would receive to sell the asset or would have to pay to transfer a liability, in an orderly (i.e. unforced) transaction between independent, knowledgeable and willing market participants at the measurement date.

As fair value is a market-based measure, the closest equivalent observable market pricing information is used to determine fair value. Adjustments to market values may be made having regard to the characteristics of the specific asset or liability. The fair values of assets that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market data.

To the extent possible, market information is extracted from either the principal market for the asset or liability (i.e. the market with the greatest volume and level of activity for the asset or liability) or, in the absence of such a market, the most advantageous market available to the entity at the end of the reporting period (i.e. the market that maximises the receipts from the sale of the asset after taking into account transaction costs and transport costs).

For non-financial assets, the fair value measurement also takes into account a market participant's ability to use the asset in its highest and best use or to sell it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

#### h) Fair value hierarchy

AASB 13 requires the disclosure of fair value information by level of the fair value hierarchy, which categorises fair value measurement into one of three possible levels based on the lowest level that an input that is significant to the measurement can be categorised into as follows:

#### Level 1

Measurements based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

### Level 2

Measurements based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

### Level 3

Measurements based on unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The fair values of assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market data. If all significant inputs required to measure fair value are observable, the asset or liability is included in Level 2. If one or more significant inputs are not based on observable market data, the asset or liability is included in Level 3.

### Valuation techniques

The Shire selects a valuation technique that is appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data is available to measure fair value. The availability of sufficient and relevant data primarily depends on the specific characteristics of the asset or liability being measured. The valuation techniques selected by the Shire are consistent with one or more of the following valuation approaches:

#### Market approach

Valuation techniques that use prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions for identical or similar assets or liabilities.

#### Income approach

Valuation techniques that convert estimated future cash flows or income and expenses into a single discounted present value.

#### **Cost approach**

Valuation techniques that reflect the current replacement cost of the service capacity of an asset.

Each valuation technique requires inputs that reflect the assumptions that buyers and sellers would use when pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risks. When selecting a valuation technique, the Shire gives priority to those techniques that maximise the use of observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs. Inputs that are developed using market data (such as publicly available information on actual transactions) and reflect the assumptions that buyers and sellers would generally use when pricing the asset or liability are considered observable, whereas inputs for which market data is not available and therefore are developed using the best information available about such assumptions are considered unobservable.

#### i) Impairment of assets

In accordance with Australian Accounting Standards the Shire's cash generating non-specialised assets, other than inventories, are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication they may be impaired.

Where such an indication exists, an impairment test is carried out on the asset by comparing the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, to the asset's carrying amount.

Any excess of the asset's carrying amount over its recoverable amount is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount in accordance with another Standard (e.g. AASB 116) whereby any impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as a revaluation decrease in accordance with that other Standard.

For non-cash generating specialised assets that are measured under the revaluation model ,such as roads, drains, public buildings and the like, no annual assessment of impairment is required. Rather AASB 116.31 applies and revaluations need only be made with sufficient regularity to ensure the carrying value does not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair value at the ends of the reporting period.

### **29. ACTIVITIES/PROGRAMS**

Shire operations as disclosed in these financial statements encompass the following service orientated activities/programs.

PROGRAM NAME AND OBJECTIVES GOVERNANCE	ACTIVITIES
To provide a decision making process for the efficient allocation of scarce resources.	Includes the activities of members of council and the administrative support available to the council for the provision of governance of the district.
<b>GENERAL PURPOSE FUNDING</b> To collect revenue to allow for the provision of services.	Rates, general purpose government grants and interest revenue.
<b>LAW, ORDER, PUBLIC SAFETY</b> To provide services to help ensure a safer and environmentally conscious community.	Supervision and enforcement of various local laws relating to fire prevention, animal control and other aspects of public safety including emergency services.
<b>HEALTH</b> To provide an operational framework for environmental and community health.	Inspection of food outlets and their control, administration of health local laws and maintenance
<b>EDUCATION AND WELFARE</b> To provide services to disadvantaged persons, the elderly, children and youth.	Maintenance of child minding centre's, operational costs asscoiated with Northampton Child Care Association.
<b>HOUSING</b> To provide and maintain shire housing.	Provision and maintenance of shire housing.
<b>COMMUNITY AMENITIES</b> To provide services required by the community.	Rubbish collection services, operation of rubbish disposal sites, litter control, construction and maintenance of urban storm water drains, protection of the environment and administration of town planning schemes, cemetery and public conveniences.
<b>RECREATION AND CULTURE</b> To establish and effectively manage infrastructure and resource which will help the social wellbeing of the community.	Maintenance of public halls and buildings, recreation centres and various sporting facilities. Provision and maintenance of parks, gardens and playgrounds. Operation of library, other cultural facilities.
<b>TRANSPORT</b> To provide safe, effective and efficient transport services to the community.	Construction and maintenance of roads, streets, footpaths, depots, cycle ways, parking facilities and traffic control. Cleaning of streets and maintenance of street trees, street lighting etc.
<b>ECONOMIC SERVICES</b> To help promote the shire and its economic wellbeing.	Tourism and area promotion including the maintenance and operation of camping facilities. Provision of Building Services and Port Gregory Water Supply.

### **OTHER PROPERTY AND SERVICES**

To monitor and control Shire's overheads operating accounts.

Private works operation, plant repair and operation costs and engineering operation costs.

. FINANCIAL RATIOS		2020 Actual	2019 Actual	2018 Actual
Current ratio		1.93	1.58	1.95
Asset consumption ratio		0.94	0.93	0.75
Asset renewal funding ratio		1.00	1.00	1.00
Asset sustainability ratio		1.31	0.79	1.01
Debt service cover ratio		7.87	11.37	5.90
Operating surplus ratio		(0.09)	(0.02)	(0.35)
Own source revenue coverage ratio		0.65	0.67	0.55
The above ratios are calculated as follows:				
Current ratio	current assets minus restricted assets			
	current liabilities minus liabilities associated			
	with restricted assets			
Asset consumption ratio	depreciated replacement costs of depreciable assets			
	current replacement cost of depreciable assets			
Asset renewal funding ratio	NPV of planned capital renewal over 10 years			
	NPV of required capital expenditure over 10 years			
Asset sustainability ratio	capital renewal and replacement expenditure			
	depreciation			
Debt service cover ratio	annual operating surplus before interest and depreciation			
	principal and interest			
Operating surplus ratio	operating revenue minus operating expenses			
	own source operating revenue			
Own source revenue coverage ratio	own source operating revenue			
	operating expense			



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

# To the Councillors of the Shire of Northampton

# **Report on the Audit of the Financial Report**

# Opinion

I have audited the annual financial report of the Shire of Northampton which comprises the Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2020, and the Statement of Comprehensive Income by Nature or Type, Statement of Comprehensive Income by Program, Statement of Changes in Equity, Statement of Cash Flows and Rate Setting Statement for the year then ended, as well as notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the Statement by the Chief Executive Officer.

In my opinion the annual financial report of the Shire of Northampton:

- (i) is based on proper accounts and records; and
- (ii) fairly represents, in all material respects, the results of the operations of the Shire for the year ended 30 June 2020 and its financial position at the end of that period in accordance with the *Local Government Act 1995* (the Act) and, to the extent that they are not inconsistent with the Act, Australian Accounting Standards.

# **Basis for Opinion**

I conducted my audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of my report. I am independent of the Shire in accordance with the *Auditor General Act 2006* and the relevant ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to my audit of the annual financial report. I have also fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

# Emphasis of Matter – Basis of Accounting

I draw attention to Note 1 and 10 to the annual financial report, which describe the basis of accounting. The annual financial report has been prepared for the purpose of fulfilling the Shire's financial reporting responsibilities under the Act, including the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 (Regulations). My opinion is not modified in respect of these matters:

- (i) Regulation 17A requires a local government to measure vested improvements at fair value and the associated vested land at zero cost. This is a departure from AASB 16 Leases which would have required the entity to measure the vested improvements also at zero cost.
- (ii) In respect of the comparatives for the previous year ended 30 June 2019, Regulation 16 did not allow a local government to recognise some categories of land, including land under roads, as assets in the annual financial report.

# Responsibilities of the Chief Executive Officer and Council for the Financial Report

The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the Shire is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the annual financial report in accordance with the requirements of the Act, the Regulations and, to the extent that they are not inconsistent with the Act, Australian Accounting Standards. The CEO is also responsible for such internal control as the CEO determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the annual financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the annual financial report, the CEO is responsible for assessing the Shire's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the State Government has made decisions affecting the continued existence of the Shire.

The Council is responsible for overseeing the Shire's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Report

The objectives of my audit are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the annual financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the annual financial report.

A further description of my responsibilities for the audit of the annual financial report is located on the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at <u>https://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors\_responsibilities/ar4.pdf</u>. This includes the identification and assessment of the risk of material misstatement due to fraud arising from management override of controls. This description forms part of my auditor's report.

# Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the Local Government (Audit) Regulations 1996 I report that:

- (i) In my opinion, the following material matter indicates a significant adverse trend in the financial position of the Shire:
  - a. The Operating Surplus Ratio as reported in Note 30 of the annual financial report has been below the Department of Local Government, Sport and Cultural Industries (DLGSCI) standard for the past 3 financial years.
- (ii) The following material matters indicating non-compliance with Part 6 of the *Local Government Act 1995*, the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 or applicable financial controls of any other written law were identified during the course of my audit:
  - a. For approximately 29% of purchase transactions sampled, there was purchase orders that did not state a dollar value, inadequate or no evidence that a sufficient number of quotations were obtained, to test the market, and no documentation to explain why other quotes were not sought. This practice increases the likelihood of not receiving value for money in procurement and could also result in favoritism of suppliers.
  - b. Internal controls relating to debtors and staff discounts at the Northampton Child Care were inadequate during the period.
- (iii) All required information and explanations were obtained by me.
- (iv) All audit procedures were satisfactorily completed.
- (v) In my opinion, the Asset Consumption Ratio and the Asset Renewal Funding Ratio included in the annual financial report were supported by verifiable information and reasonable assumptions.

# Matters Relating to the Electronic Publication of the Audited Financial Report

This auditor's report relates to the annual financial report of the Shire of Northampton for the year ended 30 June 2020 included on the Shire's website. The Shire's management is responsible for the integrity of the Shire's website. This audit does not provide assurance on the integrity of the Shire's website. The auditor's report refers only to the annual financial report described above. It does not provide an opinion on any other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from this annual financial report. If users of the annual financial report are concerned with the inherent risks arising from publication on a website, they are advised to refer to the hard copy of the audited annual financial report to confirm the information contained in this website version of the annual financial report.

Aloha Morissy.

ALOHA MORRISSEY ASSISTANT AUDITOR GENERAL FINANCIAL AUDIT Delegate of the Auditor General for Western Australia Perth, Western Australia 4 February 2021